UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2012

or

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

Commission File Number 0-25346

ACI WORLDWIDE, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

3520 Kraft Rd, Suite 300 Naples, FL 34105 (Address of principal executive offices, including zip code) 47-0772104 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

(239) 403-4600 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes 🗵 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of the Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes 🗵 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer \square

Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

As of July 31, 2012, there were 39,215,726 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

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ACI WORLDWIDE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited and in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	June 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
ASSETS		
Current assets	*	* (** * * *
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 149,616	\$ 197,098
Billed receivables, net of allowances of \$8,046 and \$4,843, respectively	119,708	93,355
Accrued receivables	30,845	6,693
Deferred income taxes, net	39,136	25,944
Recoverable income taxes	9,398	
Prepaid expenses	15,461	9,454
Other current assets	9,669	9,320
Total current assets	373,833	341,864
Property and equipment, net	38,813	20,479
Software, net	117,648	22,598
Goodwill	480,900	214,144
Other intangible assets, net	128,624	18,343
Deferred income taxes, net	30,383	13,466
Other noncurrent assets	32,798	33,748
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,202,999	\$ 664,642
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 27,238	\$ 11,532
Accrued employee compensation	34,621	27,955
Current portion of term credit facility	15,000	27,000
Deferred revenue	165,137	132,995
Income taxes payable	105,157	10,427
Alliance agreement liability	20,667	20.667
Accrued and other current liabilities	29,337	20,007
Total current liabilities	292,000	227,057
Noncurrent liabilities		
Deferred revenue	38,723	32,721
Note payable under term credit facility	178,750	—
Note payable under revolving credit facility	170,000	75,000
Other noncurrent liabilities	27,940	12,534
Total liabilities	707,413	347,312
Commitments and contingencies (Note 15)		
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011	_	_
Common stock, \$0.005 par value; 70,000,000 shares authorized; 46,606,796 and 40,821,516 shares issued at June 30,		
2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively	232	204
Common stock warrants	24,003	24,003
Treasury stock, at cost, 7,399,101 and 7,178,427 shares outstanding at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively	(186,977)	(163,411)
Additional paid-in capital	533,149	322,654
Retained earnings	144,668	151,141
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(19,489)	(17,261
Total stockholders' equity	495,586	317,330
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$1,202,999	\$ 664,642

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

ACI WORLDWIDE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited and in thousands, except per share amounts)

		Three Months Ended June 30, 2012 2011			Six Months End 2012			<u>fune 30,</u> 2011
Revenues:								-011
Software license fees	\$	36,645	\$	46,085	\$	87,555	\$	89,809
Maintenance fees		49,359		37,195		93,094		72,265
Services		33,888		18,673		56,740		34,044
Software hosting fees		29,905		11,413		50,033		21,791
Total revenues	1	49,797		113,366	2	87,422		217,909
Expenses:								
Cost of software license fees (1)		5,818		4,136		10,750		7,578
Cost of maintenance, services, and hosting fees (1)		55,715		31,818		96,606		61,425
Research and development		35,027		23,784		65,960		46,914
Selling and marketing		23,178		21,791		43,876		41,085
General and administrative		28,236		15,804		62,598		32,166
Depreciation and amortization		9,681		5,611		17,103		10,821
Total expenses	1	57,655		102,944	2	96,893		199,989
Operating income (loss)		(7,858)		10,422		(9,471)		17,920
Other income (expense):								
Interest income		234		196		483		434
Interest expense		(2,875)		(374)		(4,766)		(1,017)
Other, net		(347)		260		531		(42)
Total other income (expense)		(2,988)		82		(3,752)		(625)
Income (loss) before income taxes	((10,846)		10,504	((13,223)		17,295
Income tax expense (benefit)		(6,195)		704		(6,750)		5,873
Net income (loss)	\$	(4,651)	\$	9,800	\$	(6,473)	\$	11,422
Income (loss) per share information								
Weighted average shares outstanding								
Basic		39,263		33,446		37,985		33,383
Diluted		39,263		34,254		37,985		34,120
Income (loss) per share								
Basic	\$	(0.12)	\$	0.29	\$	(0.17)	\$	0.34
Diluted	\$	(0.12)	\$	0.29	\$	(0.17)	\$	0.33

(1) The cost of software license fees excludes charges for depreciation but includes amortization of purchased and developed software for resale. The cost of maintenance, services, and hosting fees excludes charges for depreciation.

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

ACI WORLDWIDE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (unaudited and in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2012 2011				Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 2011			<i>.</i>
		2012		2011	201	<u> </u>		2011
Net income (loss)	\$	(4,651)	\$	9,800	\$ (6,	473)	\$	11,422
Other comprehensive income (loss):								
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities		_				964		—
Reclassification of unrealized gain to a realized gain on available-for-sale securities		—			(1,	557)		—
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(5,078)		906	(1,	635)		4,357
Total other comprehensive income (loss):		(5,078)		906	(2,	228)		4,357
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(9,729)	\$	10,706	\$ (8,	701)	\$	15,779

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

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ACI WORLDWIDE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (unaudited and in thousands)

	Common Stock	Common Stock Warrants	Treasury Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2012	\$ 204	\$24,003	\$(163,411)	\$322,654	\$151,141	\$ (17,261)	\$317,330
Net loss					(6,473)		(6,473)
Other comprehensive loss						(2,228)	(2,228)
Issuance of 5,785,280 shares of common stock for							
acquisition of S1 Corporation	28			204,828	—		204,856
Issuance of 95,500 shares from treasury stock for for							
acquisition of S1 Corporation	—		2,174	—	—	—	2,174
Repurchase of 1,125,792 shares of common stock			(44,064)				(44,064)
Stock-based compensation				9,086			9,086
Shares issued and forfeited, net, under stock plans							
including income tax benefits			20,688	(3,419)			17,269
Repurchase of restricted stock for tax withholdings			(2,364)				(2,364)
Balance as of June 30, 2012	\$ 232	\$24,003	\$(186,977)	\$533,149	\$144,668	\$ (19,489)	\$495,586

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

ACI WORLDWIDE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited and in thousands)

		Ionths Ended e 30, 2011	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income (loss)	\$ (6,473)	\$ 11,422	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities	6 4 2 0	0.500	
Depreciation	6,129	3,528	
Amortization	17,204	10,593	
Deferred income taxes	(3,019)	6,303	
Stock-based compensation expense	9,086	4,533	
Excess tax benefit of stock options exercised	(2,828)	(1,066	
Other	(538)	210	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of impact of acquisitions:	= = = =	0.450	
Billed and accrued receivables, net	7,509	6,456	
Other current and noncurrent assets	2,727	277	
Accounts payable	3,172	(3,779	
Accrued employee compensation	(27,856)	(4,189	
Accrued liabilities	(13,278)	(5,085	
Current income taxes	(13,411)	(3,404	
Deferred revenue	3,865	4,569	
Other current and noncurrent liabilities	(356)	(4,884	
Net cash flows from operating activities	(18,067)	25,484	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of property and equipment	(3,392)	(7,870	
Purchases of software and distribution rights	(2,172)	(5,288	
Alliance technical enablement expenditures	<u> </u>	(256	
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	(275,380)	(16,850	
Other investments	(1,046)		
Net cash flows from investing activities	(281,990)	(30,264	
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	738	628	
Proceeds from exercises of stock options	13,806	2,375	
Excess tax benefit of stock options exercised	2,828	1,066	
Repurchases of common stock	(44,064)		
Repurchase of restricted stock for tax withholdings	(2,364)	(366	
Proceeds from revolver portion of credit agreement	95,000		
Proceeds from term portion of credit agreement	200,000	_	
Repayment of term portion of credit agreement	(6,250)	_	
Payments for debt issuance costs	(553)		
Payments on debt and capital leases	(4,578)	(867	
Net cash flows from financing activities	254,563	2,836	
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash	(1,988)	1,441	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(47,482)	(503	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	197,098	171,310	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 149,616</u>	\$170,807	
Supplemental cash flow information			
Income taxes paid, net	\$ 17,036	\$ 11,862	
Interest paid	\$ 3,891	\$ 855	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

ACI WORLDWIDE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of ACI Worldwide, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company"). All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. The condensed consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2012, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, are unaudited and reflect all adjustments of a normal recurring nature, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation, in all material respects, of the financial position and operating results for the interim periods. The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2011 is derived from the audited financial statements.

The condensed consolidated financial statements contained herein should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, filed on February 22, 2012. Results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 are not necessarily indicative of results that may be attained in the future.

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue

Vendor-Specific Objective Evidence

Certain of the Company's software license arrangements include post contract customer support (maintenance or "PCS") terms that fail to achieve vendor-specific objective evidence ("VSOE") of fair value due to non-substantive renewal periods, or contain a range of possible non-substantive PCS renewal amounts. As a result of the maturation of certain retail payment engine products, including BASE24, a higher number of software license arrangements in the Americas and Europe Middle East and Africa ("EMEA") operating segments fail to achieve VSOE of fair value for PCS due to non-substantive renewal periods, or contain a range of possible non-substantive PCS renewal amounts. For these arrangements, VSOE of fair value of PCS does not exist and revenues for the software license, PCS and services, if applicable, are considered to be one accounting unit and are therefore recognized ratably over the longer of the contractual service term of PCS term once the delivery of both services has commenced. The Company typically classifies revenues associated with these arrangements in accordance with the contractually specified amounts, which approximate fair value assigned to the various elements, including software license fees, maintenance fees and services, if applicable.

This allocation methodology has been applied to the following amounts included in revenues in the consolidated statements of operations from arrangements for which VSOE of fair value does not exist for each undelivered element (in thousands):

		nths Ended 1e 30,		ths Ended e 30,
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Software license fees	\$ 9,799	\$18,922	\$21,458	\$41,840
Maintenance fees	4,273	3,547	8,269	8,812
Services	197	336	632	459
Total	\$14,269	\$22,805	\$30,359	\$51,111

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

On January 1, 2012, the Company adopted 2011-05, *Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income* ("ASU 2011-05") which requires presentation of the components of net income (loss) and other comprehensive income (loss) either as one continuous statement or as two consecutive statements and eliminates the option to present components of other comprehensive income (loss) as part of the statement of changes in stockholders' equity. The standard does not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income (loss), how such items are measured or when they must be reclassified to net income (loss). Also, in December of 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-12, *Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05 (ASU 2011-12).*

On January 1, 2012, the Company adopted 2011-04, *Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs* ("ASU 2011-04"). The amendments in ASU 2011-04 change the wording used to describe many of the requirements in U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("U.S. GAAP") for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements. Some of the amendments clarify FASB's intent about the application of existing fair value measurement and disclosure requirements. Other amendments change a particular principle or requirement for measuring fair value or for disclosing information about fair value measurements.

2. Acquisitions

North Data Uruguay S.A.

On May 24, 2012, the Company closed the acquisition of North Data Uruguay S.A. ("North Data"). North Data had been a long-term partner of the Company, serving customers in South America in sales, service and support functions. The addition of the North Data team to the Company reinforces its commitment to serve the Latin American market.

The aggregate purchase price of North Data was \$4.6 million, which included cash acquired of \$0.1 million. The consideration paid by the Company to complete the acquisition has been allocated preliminarily to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon their estimated fair values as of the date of the acquisition, including \$3.5 million of goodwill and \$2.2 million of customer relationships with an weighted-average useful life of 12.6 years. The allocation of purchase price is based upon certain external valuations and other analyses that have not been completed as of the date of this filing including, but not limited to, deferred revenue, certain tax accounts, and intangibles. Accordingly, the purchase price allocations are preliminary and are subject to future adjustments during the maximum one-year allocation period.

Factors contributing to the purchase price that resulted in the goodwill (which is not tax deductible) include the acquisition of management, sales, and services personnel with the skills to market and support products of the Company in the Latin America region. Pro forma results are not presented because they are not material.

S1 Corporation

On February 10, 2012, the Company completed the exchange offer for S1 Corporation and all its subsidiaries. The acquisition was effectively closed on February 13, 2012 for approximately \$368.7 million in cash and 5.9 million shares of the Company's stock, including 95,500 shares reissued from Treasury stock, resulting in a total purchase price of \$587.3 million (the "Merger"). The combination of the Company and S1 will create a leader in the global enterprise payments industry. The combined company will have enhanced scale, breadth, and additional capabilities, as well as a complementary suite of products that will better serve the entire spectrum of financial institutions, processors and retailers.

Under the terms of the transaction, S1 stockholders could elect to receive \$10.00 in cash or 0.3148 shares of the Company's stock for each S1 share they owned, subject to proration, such that in the aggregate 33.8% of S1 shares were exchanged for the Company's shares and 66.2% were exchanged for cash. No S1 shareholders received fractional shares of the Company's stock. Instead, the total number of shares that each holder of S1 common stock received was rounded down to the nearest whole number, and the Company paid cash for any resulting fractional share determined by multiplying the fraction by \$34.14.

Each outstanding option to acquire S1 common stock was canceled and terminated at the effective time of the Merger and converted into the right to receive the merger consideration with respect to the number of shares of S1 common stock that would have been issuable upon a net exercise of such option, assuming the market value of the S1 common stock at the time of such exercise was equal to the value of the merger consideration as of the close of trading on the day immediately prior to the effective date of the Merger. Any outstanding option with a per share exercise price that was greater than or equal to such amount was cancelled and terminated and no payment was made with respect thereto. In addition, each S1 restricted stock unit award outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger was fully vested and cancelled, and each holder of such awards became entitled to receive the Merger Consideration for each share of S1 common stock into which the vested portion of the awards would otherwise have been converted. Each S1 restricted stock award was vested immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger and was entitled to receive the Merger Consideration.

Additionally, the Company had previously purchased 1,107,000 shares of S1 stock that were held as available-for-sale securities prior to the acquisition date. The fair value of those shares as of February 13, 2012, has been included in the total purchase price with the previously unrealized gain of approximately \$1.6 million being recognized as a gain and included in other income (expense) in the statements of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2012.

The Company used \$73.7 million of its cash balance for the acquisition in addition to \$295.0 million of senior bank financing arranged through Wells Fargo Securities, LLC. See Note 3, *Debt*, for terms of the financing arrangement.

The consideration paid by the Company to complete the acquisition has been allocated preliminarily to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon their estimated fair values as of the date of the acquisition. The allocation of purchase price is based upon certain external valuations and other analyses that have not been completed as of the date of this filing, including, but not limited to, certain tax matters, property and equipment, leases, and certain customer projects. Accordingly, the purchase price allocations are preliminary and are subject to future adjustments during the maximum one-year allocation period. The purchase price of S1 Corporation's common stock as of the date of acquisition was comprised of (in thousands):

	Amount
Cash payments to S1 shareholders	\$365,918
Issuance of ACI common stock	204,857
Reissuance of treasury stock	2,174
Cash payments for noncompete agreements	2,778
S1 shares previously held as available-for-sale securities	11,557
Total Purchase Price	\$587,284

The Company incurred approximately \$0.9 million and \$6.1 million in transaction related expenses during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively, including fees to the investment bank, legal and other professional fees, which are included in general and administrative expenses in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations.

S1 contributed approximately \$43.1 million and \$65.6 million in revenue during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012. S1 contributed \$3.5 million and \$12.3 million in operating losses to the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, which includes non-recurring severance and accelerated share-based compensation expense related to the integration activities.

In connection with the acquisition, the Company recorded the following amounts based upon its preliminary purchase price allocation during the six months ended June 30, 2012, which are subject to completion of the valuation and other analyses (in thousands, except weighted-average useful lives):

	Amount	Weighted-Average Useful Lives
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 97,748	
Billed and accrued receivables, net	65,329	
Other current assets	19,752	
Total current assets acquired	182,829	
Noncurrent assets:		
Property and equipment	19,326	
Goodwill	263,704	
Software	87,538	5 - 10 years
Customer relationships	108,690	10 - 20 years
Trademarks	4,500	3 years
Covenant not to compete	360	3 years
Other noncurrent assets	26,096	
Total assets acquired	693,043	
Current liabilities:		
Deferred revenue	34,341	
Accrued employee compensation	34,689	
Other current liabilities	26,867	
Total current liabilities acquired	95,897	
Noncurrent liabilities acquired	9,862	
Total liabilities acquired	105,759	
Net assets acquired	\$587,284	

During the three months ended June 30, 2012, the Company made adjustments to the preliminary purchase price allocation as additional information became available to accrued receivables, other current assets, property and equipment, software, other noncurrent assets, accrued employee compensation, other current and noncurrent liabilities. These adjustments and any resulting adjustments to the statements of operations were not material to the Company's previously reported operating results or financial position.

Factors contributing to the purchase price that resulted in the goodwill (which is not tax deductible) include the acquisition of management, sales, and technology personnel with the skills to market new and existing products of the Company, enhanced global product capabilities, and complementary products and customers.

The pro forma financial information in the table below presents the combined historical results of the combined Company as if the acquisition had occurred January 1, 2011 (in thousands, except per share data). The pro forma information is shown for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of future results of operations of the Company or results of operations of the Company that would have actually occurred had the transactions been in effect for the periods presented. This pro forma information is not intended to represent or be indicative of actual results had the acquisition occurred as of the beginning of each period, nor is it necessarily indicative of future results and does not reflect potential synergies, integration costs, or other such costs or savings. Certain pro forma adjustments have been made to net income (loss) for three months and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 to give effect to estimated adjustments to expenses to remove the amortization on eliminated S1 historical identifiable intangible assets and added amortization expense for the value of identified intangibles acquired in the acquisition (primarily acquired software, customer relationships, trade names, and covenants not to compete), adjustments to interest expense to reflect the elimination of preexisting S1 debt and added estimated interest expense on the Company's Term Credit Facility and additional borrowings on the Revolving Credit Facility and to eliminate share-based compensation expense for eliminated positions. Additionally, certain one-time transaction expenses that are a direct result of the acquisition have been excluded from the three months and six months ended June 30, 2012.

	Pro Forma Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended June 30,			Pro Forma Results of Oper- the Six Months Ended Ju		
2012		2011		2012		2011
159,4	441	176,691		329,831		339,074
6,5	550	8,342		6,166		7,242
\$ 0	.17 \$	0.21	\$	0.16	\$	0.18
\$ 0	.16 \$	0.21	\$	0.15	\$	0.18
• •			-			

3. Debt

Credit Facility

On November 10, 2011, the Company entered into the Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with a syndicate of financial institutions, as lenders, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("Wells Fargo"), as Administrative Agent, providing for revolving loans, swingline loans, letters of credit and a term loan. The Credit Agreement consists of a five-year \$250 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility"), which includes a sublimit for the issuance of standby letters of credit and a sublimit for swingline loans, and a five-year \$200 million senior secured term loan facility (the "Term Credit Facility" and, together with the Revolving Credit Facility, the "Credit Facility"). The Credit Agreement also allows the Company to request optional incremental term loans and increases in the revolving commitment. As of June 30, 2012, the Company had up to \$80 million of unused borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility portion of the Credit Agreement. The amount of unused borrowings actually available varies in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

On November 10, 2011, the Company borrowed an aggregate principal amount of \$75 million under the Revolving Credit Facility and did not borrow any amount under the Term Credit Facility. On February 10, 2012, the Company borrowed an additional \$95.0 million under the Revolving Credit Facility and \$200.0 million under the term Credit Facility, bringing the total aggregate principal balance to \$370.0 million. These additional borrowings were in connection with the S1 acquisition that was completed on February 13, 2012. In connection with obtaining the credit agreement, the Company incurred debt issue costs of \$12.3 million, \$11.8 million of which were paid at December 31, 2011 with the remainder paid as of June 30, 2012.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest at a rate per annum equal to, at the Company's option, either (a) a base rate determined by reference to the highest of (1) the rate of interest per annum publicly announced by the Administrative Agent as its Prime Rate, (2) the federal funds effective rate plus 1/2 of 1% and (3) a LIBOR based rate determined by reference to the costs of funds for U.S. dollar deposits for a one-month interest period adjusted for certain additional costs plus 1% or (b) a LIBOR based rate determined by reference to the costs of funds for U.S. dollar deposits for the interest period relevant to such borrowing adjusted for certain additional costs, in each case plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin for borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility is, based on the calculation of the applicable consolidated total leverage ratio, between 0.50% to 1.50% with respect to base rate borrowings and between 1.50% and 2.50% with respect to LIBOR based borrowings. Interest is due and payable monthly. The interest rate in effect at June 30, 2012 was 2.25%.

In addition to paying interest on the outstanding principal under the Credit Facility, the Company is required to pay a commitment fee in respect of the unutilized commitments under the Revolving Credit Facility, payable quarterly in arrears, and a ticking fee in respect of the unused portion of the Term Loan Facility, payable on the earlier of the date of the funding of the Term Facility or July 31, 2012. The Company is also required to pay letter of credit fees on the maximum amount available to be drawn under all outstanding letters of credit in an amount equal to the applicable margin on LIBOR based borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility on a per annum basis, payable quarterly in arrears, as well as customary fronting fees for the issuance of letters of credit fees and agency fees.

The Company is permitted to voluntarily reduce the unutilized portion of the commitment amount and repay outstanding loans under the Credit Facility at any time without premium or penalty, other than customary "breakage" costs with respect to LIBOR based loans.

The Company paid \$6.3 million in principal payments for the Term Credit Facility during the six months ended June 30, 2012. The following payments are expected for the Term Credit Facility over the subsequent five year period:

	Payments due by Period (amounts in thousands)							
	Remainder of							
	2012		2013	2014	2015	2016		
Term Credit Facility	\$	7,500	\$17,500	\$26,250	\$30,000	\$112,500		

The Credit Agreement also contains certain customary mandatory prepayment provisions. If certain events, as specified in the Credit Agreement, shall occur, the Company may be required to repay all or a portion of the amounts outstanding under the Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility will mature on the five-year anniversary of the closing date for the Credit Facility. The Revolving Credit Facility will not amortize and the Term Credit Facility will amortize, with principal payable in consecutive quarterly installments.

The Company's obligations and the obligations of the guarantors under the Guaranty and cash management arrangements entered into with lenders under the Credit Facility (or affiliates thereof) are secured by first-priority security interests in substantially all assets of the Company and any guarantor, including 100% of the capital stock of ACI Corporation and each domestic subsidiary of the Company, each domestic subsidiary of any guarantor and 65% of the voting capital stock of each foreign subsidiary of the Company that is directly owned by the Company or a guarantor, and in each case is subject to certain exclusions set forth in the credit documentation governing the Credit Facility.

The Credit Agreement also contains certain customary affirmative covenants and events of default. If an event of default, as specified in the Credit Agreement, shall occur and be continuing, the Company may be required to repay all amounts outstanding under the Credit Facility. As of June 30, 2012, and at all times during the period the Company was in compliance with its debt covenants.

During the three months ended June 30, 2012, the Company financed the five-year license agreement for certain internally-used software for \$14.8 million with annual payments due in April through 2016. As of June 30, 2012, \$2.9 million was recorded in accrued and other current liabilities and \$9.3 million in other noncurrent liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet.

4. Stock-Based Compensation Plans

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

Under the Company's 1999 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, as amended (the "ESPP"), a total of 1,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock have been reserved for issuance to eligible employees. Participating employees are permitted to designate up to the lesser of \$25,000 or 10% of their annual base compensation for the purchase of common stock under the ESPP. Purchases under the ESPP are made one calendar month after the end of each fiscal quarter. The price for shares of common stock purchased under the ESPP is 85% of the stock's fair market value on the last business day of the three-month participation period. Shares issued under the ESPP during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 totaled 21,727 and 20,730, respectively.

Stock Incentive Plans - Active Plans

On June 14, 2012, the stockholders of the Company approved the Second Amendment to the 2005 Incentive Plan which increased the number of shares authorized for issuance under the plan from 5,000,000 to 7,750,000.



Stock-Based Payments

A summary of stock options issued pursuant to the Company's stock incentive plans is as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value of In-the-Money Options
Outstanding as of December 31, 2011	3,490,056	\$ 23.28	. <u></u>	
Granted	74,984	39.54		
Exercised	(703,911)	19.61		
Forfeited	(35,956)	22.82		
Expired	(4,000)	10.19		
Outstanding as of June 30, 2012	2,821,173	\$ 24.65	5.22	\$ 55,190,215
Exercisable as of June 30, 2012	1,742,982	\$ 24.13	4.54	\$ 34,994,228

As of June 30, 2012, the Company expects that 94.6% of the options will vest over the vesting period.

The weighted-average grant date fair value of stock options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$23.77 and \$13.69, respectively. The Company issued treasury shares for the exercise of stock options during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$14.0 million and \$3.7 million, respectively.

The fair value of options granted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, a pricing model acceptable under U.S. GAAP, with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2012	Six Months Ended June 30, 2012	Three Months Ended June 30, 2011	Six Months Ended June 30, 2011
Expected life (years)	10.00	9.11	5.50	5.50
Interest rate	1.6%	1.5%	1.6%	1.6%
Volatility	53.4%	53.0%	50.8%	50.8%
Dividend yield				_

Expected volatilities are based on the Company's historical common stock volatility derived from historical stock price data for historical periods commensurate with the options' expected life. The expected life of options granted represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding. The expected option life was the average number of years that the Company estimated that the options will be outstanding, based primarily on historical employee option exercise behavior.

The risk-free interest rate is based on the implied yield currently available on United States Treasury zero coupon issues with a term equal to the expected term at the date of grant of the options. The expected dividend yield is zero as the Company has historically paid no dividends and does not anticipate dividends to be paid in the future.

A summary of nonvested long-term incentive program performance share awards ("LTIP performance shares") outstanding as of June 30, 2012 and changes during the period are as follows:

Nonvested LTIP Performance Shares	Number of Shares at Expected Attainment	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested as of December 31, 2011	931,571	\$ 23.33
Granted	11,987	39.25
Forfeited	(21,878)	26.04
Nonvested as of June 30, 2012	921,680	\$ 23.47

A summary of nonvested restricted share awards ("RSAs") as of June 30, 2012 and changes during the period are as follows:

Nonvested Restricted Share Awards	Number of Restricted Share Awards	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested as of December 31, 2011	100,023	\$ 19.29
Granted	3,500	38.72
Vested	(40,183)	16.78
Forfeited	(7,250)	16.52
Nonvested as of June 30, 2012	56,090	\$ 22.66

During the six months ended June 30, 2012, 40,183 shares of the RSAs vested. The Company withheld 11,969 of those shares to pay the employees' portion of the minimum payroll withholding taxes.

Stock Incentive Plan - S1 Corporation 2003 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended and restated

In relation to the acquisition of S1 Corporation discussed in Note 2, the Company amended the S1 Corporation 2003 Stock Incentive Plan, as previously amended and restated (the "S1 2003 Incentive Plan"). Restricted share awards ("RSAs) were granted to S1 employees by S1 Corporation prior to the acquisition by the Company in accordance with the terms of the Transaction Agreement ("Transaction RSAs") under the S1 2003 Incentive Plan. These are the only equity awards currently outstanding under the S1 2003 Incentive Plan and no further grants will be made.

Under the terms of the Transaction Agreement with S1, upon the acquisition, the S1 Transaction RSAs were converted to RSAs of the Company's stock. These awards have requisite service periods of four years and vest in increments of 25% on the anniversary of the original grant date of November 9, 2011. If an employee is terminated without cause within 12 months from the acquisition date, the RSAs 100% vest. Stock is issued without direct cost to the employee. The RSA grants provide for the payment of dividends on the Company's common stock, if any, to the participant during the requisite service period (vesting period) and the participant has voting rights for each share of common stock. The conversion of the Transaction RSAs was treated as a modification and as such, they were valued immediately prior to and after modification. The Company recognizes compensation expense for RSAs on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period.

A summary of nonvested Transaction RSAs issued under the S1 2003 Stock Incentive Plan as of June 30, 2012 and changes during the period are as follows:

Nonvested Transaction Restricted Share Awards Nonvested as of December 31, 2011	Number of Restricted <u>Share Awards</u> 	Weighted- Average Grant Date <u>Fair Value</u> \$ —
Transaction RSAs converted upon acquisition of S1	170,205	35.41
Vested	(75,478)	35.41
Forfeited	(15,540)	35.41
Nonvested as of June 30, 2012	79,187	\$ 35.41

During the six months ended June 30, 2012, 75,478 shares of the Transaction RSAs vested. The Company withheld 29,563 of those shares to pay the employees' portion of the minimum payroll withholding taxes.

As of June 30, 2012, there were unrecognized compensation costs of \$6.6 million related to nonvested stock options, \$2.6 million related to the nonvested RSAs, and \$10.0 million related to the LTIP performance shares, which the Company expects to recognize over weighted-average periods of 1.8 years, 2.9 years and 1.9 years, respectively.

The Company recorded stock-based compensation expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 related to stock options, LTIP performance shares, RSAs, and the ESPP of \$3.5 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, with corresponding tax benefits of \$1.3 million and \$0.8 million, respectively. The Company recorded stock-based compensation expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 related to stock options, LTIP performance shares, RSAs, and the ESPP of \$9.1 million and \$4.5 million, respectively, with corresponding tax benefits of \$3.3 million and \$1.7 million, respectively. Tax benefits in excess of the option's grant date fair value are classified as financing cash flows. Estimated forfeiture rates, stratified by employee classification, have been included as part of the Company's calculations of compensation costs. The Company recognizes compensation costs for stock option awards that vest with the passage of time with only service conditions on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period.

Cash received from option exercises for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$13.8 million and \$2.4 million, respectively. The actual tax benefit realized for the tax deductions from option exercises totaled \$5.0 million and \$1.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

5. Goodwill

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill during the six months ended June 30, 2012, were as follows (in thousands):

	Americas	EMEA	Asia/Pacific	Total
Gross Balance prior to December 31, 2011	\$ 198,598	\$ 43,612	\$ 19,366	\$ 261,576
Total impairment prior to December 31, 2011	(47,432)			(47,432)
Balance as of December 31, 2011	151,166	43,612	19,366	214,144
Addition—acquisition of S1 (1)	271,286			271,286
Addition—acquisition of North Data (2)	3,498		—	3,498
Adjustments to goodwill (3)	(7,582)			(7,582)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(109)	(643)	306	(446)
Balance as of June 30, 2012	\$ 418,259	\$ 42,969	\$ 19,672	\$ 480,900

(1) Addition relates to the goodwill acquired in the acquisition of S1 as discussed in Note 2. The Company has not yet determined the allocation of the goodwill to the segments due to the preliminary nature of the allocation of the purchase price as discussed in Note 2. As of June 30, 2012, the entire balance is included in the Americas segment.

(2) Addition relates to the goodwill acquired in the acquisition of North Data as discussed in Note 2.

(3) Pursuant to our business combinations accounting policy, we recorded goodwill adjustments for the effect on goodwill of changes to net assets acquired during the measurement period (up to one year from the date of an acquisition). The adjustments to goodwill presented in the table above were not significant to our previously reported operating results or financial position.

6. Software and Other Intangible Assets

At June 30, 2012, software net book value totaling \$117.6 million, net of \$62.3 million of accumulated amortization, includes the net book value of software marketed for external sale of \$87.8 million. The remaining software net book value of \$29.8 million is comprised of various software that has been acquired or developed for internal use.

Quarterly amortization of software marketed for external sale is computed using the greater of the ratio of current revenues to total estimated revenues expected to be derived from the software or the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of three to ten years. Software for resale amortization expense recorded in the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 totaled \$3.4 million and \$1.7 million, respectively. Software for resale amortization expense recorded in the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 totaled \$6.2 million and \$3.3 million, respectively. These software amortization expense amounts are reflected in cost of software license fees in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Amortization of software for internal use of \$3.0 million and \$2.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, is included in depreciation and amortization in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Amortization of software for internal use of \$5.5 million and \$3.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The carrying amount and accumulated amortization of the Company's other intangible assets that were subject to amortization at each balance sheet date are as follows (in thousands):

		June 30, 2012			December 31, 2011			
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Balance	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Balance		
Customer relationships	\$151,126	\$ (27,862)	\$ 123,264	\$40,298	\$ (23,392)	\$ 16,906		
Purchased contracts	10,736	(10,235)	501	10,750	(10,023)	727		
Trademarks and tradenames	5,769	(1,225)	4,544	1,291	(585)	706		
Covenant not to compete	440	(125)	315	80	(76)	4		
	\$168,071	\$ (39,447)	\$ 128,624	\$52,419	\$ (34,076)	\$ 18,343		

Other intangible assets amortization expense for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 totaled \$3.2 million and \$1.7 million, respectively. Other intangible assets amortization expense for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 totaled \$5.5 million and \$3.3 million, respectively.

Based on capitalized software and other intangible assets at June 30, 2012, estimated amortization expense for future fiscal years is as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ending December 31,	oftware ortization	In	Other tangible Assets ortization
Remainder of 2012	\$ 12,033	\$	6,472
2013	19,492		12,702
2014	17,265		10,962
2015	13,751		7,639
2016	11,555		7,171
Thereafter	 43,552		83,678
Total	\$ 117,648	\$	128,624

7. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements.

ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy for valuation inputs that gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs—Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs—Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These might include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (such as interest rates, volatilities, prepayment speeds, credit risks, etc.) or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3 Inputs—Unobservable inputs for determining the fair values of assets or liabilities that reflect an entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities.

Available-for-Sale Securities. Equity securities are reported at fair value utilizing Level 1 inputs. The Company's equity securities at December 31, 2011 were comprised entirely of S1 Corporation common stock. The Company utilized quoted prices from an active exchange market to fair value its equity securities. The Company acquired S1 Corporation during the first quarter of 2012, subsequently the S1 common stock has been delisted and all S1 assets and liabilities have been consolidated into the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2012. The Company recognized a gain of approximately \$1.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2012 related to price appreciation of the S1 shares held prior to the acquisition date. See Note 2 for further discussion.

The Company looks at its classifications within the fair value hierarchy at each reporting period. There were no transfers between any levels of the fair value hierarchy during the periods presented in the table below.

The following table summarizes financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, segregated by the level of the valuation inputs within the fair value hierarchy utilized to measure fair value (in thousands):

	Fair Value M Quoted Prices	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using				
Description_	in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Equity Securities	\$ 10,594	\$	\$			
Total assets as of December 31, 2011	\$ 10,594	\$ —	\$			
Equity Securities	\$	\$ —	\$ —			
Total assets as of June 30, 2012	\$	\$	\$			

The fair values of cash equivalents approximate the carrying values due to the short period of time to maturity. The estimated fair value of total debt was \$371.7 million and \$76.8 million at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, and was estimated using discounted cash flows based on the Company's current incremental borrowing rates (level 2 of the fair value hierarchy).

8. Corporate Restructuring and Other Organizational Changes

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, the Company reduced its headcount by 90 and 269 employees, respectively, as a part of its integration with newly acquired S1. In connection with these actions, approximately \$3.4 million and \$9.6 million of termination costs were recognized in general and administrative expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively. The charges, by segment, were as follows for the three months ended June 30, 2012: \$1.7 million in the Americas segment, \$1.6 million in the EMEA segment, and \$0.1 million in the Asia/Pacific segment. The charges, by segment, were as follows for the six months ended June 30, 2012: \$4.3 million in the Americas segment, \$4.5 million in the EMEA segment, and \$0.8 million in the Asia/Pacific segment. Approximately \$5.1 million and \$6.0 million of these termination costs were paid during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively. The remaining liability is expected to be paid over the next 12 months.

The components of corporate restructuring and other reorganization charges from the acquisition of S1 are included in the following table (in thousands):

	 mination enefits
Balance, December 31, 2011	\$
Additional restructuring charges incurred	9,627
Amounts paid during the period	(5,973)
Other (1)	(81)
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$ 3,573

(1) Other includes the impact of foreign currency translation.

The liability is included in accrued employee compensation in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2012.

9. Stock Repurchase Plan

As of December 31, 2011, the Company's board of directors had approved a stock repurchase program authorizing the Company, from time to time as market and business conditions warrant, to acquire up to \$210 million of its common stock. In February 2012, the Company's board of directors approved an increase of \$52.1 million to their current stock repurchase authorization, bringing the total authorization to \$262.1 million. Under the program to date, the Company has purchased 9,207,972 shares for approximately \$231.1 million. The Company repurchased 1,125,792 shares for \$44.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2012. The maximum remaining dollar value of shares authorized for purchase under the stock repurchase program was approximately \$31.0 million as of June 30, 2012.

10. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed on the basis of weighted average outstanding common shares. Diluted earnings per share is computed on the basis of basic weighted average outstanding common shares adjusted for the dilutive effect of stock options and other outstanding dilutive securities.

The following table reconciles the average share amounts used to compute both basic and diluted loss per share (in thousands):

	Three Mon June 2012		Six Mont June 2012	
Weighted average share outstanding:				
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	39,263	33,446	37,985	33,383
Add: Dilutive effect of stock options, restricted stock awards and common stock warrants		808		737
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	39,263	34,254	37,985	34,120

The diluted earnings (loss) per share computation excludes 6.7 million and 6.9 million options to purchase shares, restricted share awards, common stock warrants and contingently issuable shares during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively. The diluted earnings per share computation for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, excludes 3.2 million options to purchase shares, restricted share awards, common stock warrants and contingently issuable shares as their effect would be anti-dilutive.

11. Other Income (Expense), net

Other, net is comprised of the following items (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended June 30,		Ended 80,
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Foreign currency transaction gains (losses)	\$ (360)	\$ 286	\$(1,009)	\$ 47
Realized gain on available-for-sale securities	_		1,557	_
Other	13	(26)	(17)	(89)
Total	\$ (347)	\$ 260	\$ 531	\$ (42)

12. Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The majority of the \$19.5 million accumulated other comprehensive loss included in the Company's consolidated balance sheets represents the accumulated foreign currency translation adjustment. Since the undistributed earnings of the Company's foreign subsidiaries are considered to be permanently reinvested, the components of accumulated other comprehensive loss have not been tax effected.

13. Segment Information

The Company's chief operating decision maker, together with other senior management personnel, currently focus their review of consolidated financial information and the allocation of resources based on reporting of operating results, including revenues and operating income, for the geographic regions of the Americas, EMEA and Asia/Pacific and the Corporate line item. The Company's products are sold and supported through distribution networks covering these three geographic regions, with each distribution network having its own sales force. The Company supplements its distribution networks with independent reseller and/or distributor arrangements. All administrative costs that are not directly attributable or reasonably allocable to a geographic segment are tracked in the Corporate line item. As such, the Company has concluded that its three geographic regions are its reportable operating segments.

During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company changed its segment operating income reporting measure to exclude certain corporate general and administrative expenses. Previously, corporate expenses were allocated to the segments. In addition, amortization expense on acquired intangibles is no longer allocated to the individual segments. All periods presented have been recast to reflect these changes.

The Company allocates segment support expenses such as global product development, business operations, and product management based upon percentage of revenue per segment. Depreciation and amortization costs are allocated as a percentage of the headcount by segment. The Corporate line item consists of the corporate overhead costs that are not allocated to operating segments. Corporate overhead costs relate to human resources, finance, legal, accounting, merger and acquisition activity and amortization of acquisition-related intangibles and other costs that are not considered when management evaluates segment performance.

The following is selected segment financial data for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Three Mon June		Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2012	2011	2012	2011		
Revenues:						
Americas	\$ 81,727	\$ 57,974	\$155,908	\$110,304		
EMEA	49,616	41,880	94,408	84,021		
Asia/Pacific	18,454	13,512	37,106	23,584		
	\$149,797	\$113,366	\$287,422	\$217,909		
Operating income (loss):						
Americas	\$ 9,928	\$ 15,920	\$ 30,091	\$ 27,436		
EMEA	12,446	9,835	24,450	21,287		
Asia/Pacific	3,798	1,105	8,024	522		
Corporate	(34,030)	(16,438)	(72,036)	(31,325)		
	\$ (7,858)	\$ 10,422	\$ (9,471)	\$ 17,920		
		June 30, 2012	December 31, 2011			
Total assets:						
Americas - United States (1)		\$ 883,030	\$ 408,038			
Americas - Other		33,751	26,664			
EMEA		201,797	166,997			
Asia/Pacific		84,421	62,943			
		\$1,202,999	\$ 664,642			

(1) The goodwill related to the S1 acquisition is included in Americas – United States as of June 30, 2012. See Note 5 for further discussion.

No single customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's consolidated revenues during the three months and six ended June 30, 2012 and 2011. No other country outside the United States accounted for more than 10% of the Company's consolidated revenues during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012. Aggregate revenues attributable to customers in the United Kingdom accounted for 11.2% and 13.0% of the Company's consolidated revenues during the three and six months ended June 30, 2011.

14. Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 was 57.1% and 51.0%, respectively. The earnings of the Company's foreign entities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 was \$12.8 million and \$22.5 million, respectively. The tax rates in the foreign jurisdictions in which the Company operates are less than the Company's domestic rate, therefore, losses in the foreign jurisdictions will have a negative impact on the Company's effective tax rate, while earnings in the foreign jurisdictions will have a positive impact on the Company's effective tax rate. The effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 was positively impacted by foreign profits taxed at lower rates and a domestic loss taxed at a higher rate. The effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 was positively impacted by a \$1.4 million release of a valuation allowance during the three months ended June 30, 2012. The valuation allowance was released based upon evidence that one of the Company's foreign entities will be able to fully utilize its remaining tax losses.

The effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 was 6.7% and 34.0%, respectively. The earnings of the Company's foreign entities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 was \$10.2 million and \$10.4 million, respectively. The tax rates in the foreign jurisdictions in which the Company operates are less than the Company's domestic rate, therefore, losses in the foreign jurisdictions will have a negative impact on the Company's effective tax rate, while earnings in the foreign jurisdictions will have a positive impact on the Company's effective tax rate. The effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 was positively impacted by the favorable adjustment of \$3.9 million to the Company's uncertain tax positions during the three months ended June 30, 2011, partially offset by a reversal of related deferred tax assets of \$1.7 million. The effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 was positively impacted by tax rates in foreign jurisdictions that are less than the Company's domestic rate, partially offset by the recognition of tax expense associated with the transfer of certain intellectual property rights from U.S. to non-U.S. entities.

The Company's effective tax rate could fluctuate significantly on a quarterly basis and could be negatively affected to the extent earnings are lower in the countries in which it operates that have a lower statutory rate or higher in the countries in which it operates that have a higher statutory rate or to the extent it has losses sustained in countries where the future utilization of losses are uncertain. The Company's effective tax rate could also fluctuate due to changes in the valuation of its deferred tax assets or liabilities, or by changes in tax laws, regulations, accounting principles, or interpretations thereof. In addition, the Company is occasionally subject to examination of its income tax returns by tax authorities in the jurisdictions it operates. The Company regularly assesses the likelihood of adverse outcomes resulting from these examinations to determine the adequacy of its provision for income taxes.

The amount of unrecognized tax benefits for uncertain tax positions was \$22.5 million as of June 30, 2012 and \$4.0 million as of December 31, 2011, excluding related liabilities for interest and penalties of \$1.9 million and \$1.5 million as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The amount of unrecognized tax benefits for uncertain tax positions increased by \$18.4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2012 for the uncertain tax positions of S1, which were included in the preliminary purchase price allocation.

The Company believes it is reasonably possible that the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits will decrease within the next 12 months by approximately \$1.4 million, due to the settlement of various audits and the expiration of statutes of limitation.

15. Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases Acquired

Through the acquisition of S1, the Company obtained leases of office space and equipment under operating leases that run through October 2023. These leases do not impose restrictions as to the Company's ability to pay dividends or borrow funds, or otherwise restrict the Company's ability to conduct business. On a limited basis, certain of the lease arrangements include escalation clauses which provide for rent adjustments due to inflation changes with the expense recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease payments subject to inflation adjustments do not represent a significant portion of the Company's future minimum lease payments. A number of the leases provide renewal options, but in all cases such renewal options are at the election of the Company. Certain of the lease agreements provide the Company with the option to purchase the leased equipment at its fair market value at the conclusion of the lease term.

Aggregate minimum operating lease payments under these newly obtained agreements in future fiscal years are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ending December 31,	Operating Leases
Remainder of 2012	2,169
2013	3,687
2014	2,506
2015	1,763
2016	1,325
Thereafter	4,436
Total minimum lease payments	\$15,886

New Operating Leases entered into in 2012

In addition to the leases acquired through the acquisition of S1, the Company entered into several new operating lease agreements of office space during the six months ended June 30, 2012. The new leases run through March 2022. These leases do not impose restrictions as to the Company's ability to pay dividends or borrow funds, or otherwise restrict the Company's ability to conduct business. On a limited basis, certain of the lease arrangements include escalation clauses which provide for rent adjustments due to inflation changes with the expense recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease payments subject to inflation adjustments do not represent a significant portion of the Company's future minimum lease payments. A number of the leases provide renewal options, but in all cases such renewal options are at the election of the Company. Certain of the lease agreements provide the Company with the option to purchase the leased equipment at its fair market value at the conclusion of the lease term.

Fiscal Year Ending December 31,	Operating Leases
Remainder of 2012	202
2013	492
2014	498
2015	566
2016	596
Thereafter	1,404
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 3,758

Legal Proceedings

From time to time, the Company is involved in various litigation matters arising in the ordinary course of its business. The Company is not currently a party to any legal proceedings, the adverse outcome of which, individually or in the aggregate, the Company believes would be likely to have a material effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Indemnities

Under certain customer contracts acquired in the acquisition of S1, the Company indemnifies customers for certain matters including third party claims of intellectual property infringement relating to the use of our products. Our maximum potential exposure under indemnification arrangements can range from a specified dollar amount to an unlimited amount, depending on the nature of the transactions and the agreements. The Company has recorded an accrual for estimated losses for demands for indemnification that have been tendered by certain customers. The Company does not have any reason to believe that we will be required to make any material payments under these indemnity provisions in excess of the balance accrued at June 30, 2012.

16. International Business Machines Corporation Information Technology Outsourcing Agreement

On April 1, 2012, the Company provided notice of termination for the Master Services Agreement with International Business Machines to outsource the Company's internal information technology environment. The effective date of the termination is January 31, 2013.

The Company has recorded the \$3.0 million termination fee in general and administrative expenses during the three months ended June 30, 2012 in the accompanying consolidated condensed statements of operations. The termination fee is due on the termination date of January 31, 2013. In addition, the Company will incur additional fees related to the transition in accordance with the terms of the agreement that we expect to expense and pay as incurred.

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains forward-looking statements based on current expectations that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Generally, forward-looking statements do not relate strictly to historical or current facts and may include words or phrases such as "believes," "will," "expects," "anticipates," "intends," and words and phrases of similar impact. The forward-looking statements are made pursuant to safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as amended.

Forward-looking statements in this report include, but are not limited to, statements regarding future operations, business strategy, business environment, key trends, and, in each case, statements related to expected financial and other benefits. Many of these factors will be important in determining our actual future results. Any or all of the forward-looking statements in this report may turn out to be incorrect. They may be based on inaccurate assumptions or may not account for known or unknown risks and uncertainties. Consequently, no forward-looking statement can be guaranteed. Actual future results may vary materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statements, and our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. In addition, we disclaim any obligation to update any forward-looking statements after the date of this report, except as required by law.

All of the forward-looking statements in this report are expressly qualified by the risk factors discussed in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Such factors include, but are not limited to, risks related to:

- the global financial crisis and the continuing decline in the global economy;
- volatility and disruption of the capital and credit markets and adverse changes in the global economy;
- consolidations and failures in the financial services industry;
- increased competition;
- restrictions and other financial covenants in our credit facility;
- the restatement of our financial statements;
- the accuracy of management's backlog estimates;
- impairment of our goodwill or intangible assets;
- exposure to unknown tax liabilities;
- risks from operating internationally;
- our offshore software development activities;
- customer reluctance to switch to a new vendor;
- the performance of our strategic product, BASE24-eps;
- our strategy to migrate customers to our next generation products;
- ratable or deferred recognition of certain revenue associated with customer migrations and the maturity of certain of our products;
- demand for our products;
- failure to obtain renewals of customer contracts or to obtain such renewals on favorable terms;
- delay or cancellation of customer projects or inaccurate project completion estimates;
- business interruptions or failure of our information technology and communication systems;
- our alliance with International Business Machines Corporation ("IBM");
- the complexity of our products and services and the risk that they may contain hidden defects or be subjected to security breaches or viruses;
- compliance of our products with applicable legislation, governmental regulations and industry standards;
- our compliance with privacy regulations;
- the protection of our intellectual property in intellectual property litigation;
- future acquisitions, strategic partnerships and investments and litigation;
- the risk that expected synergies, operational efficiencies and cost savings from our recent acquisition of S1 Corporation ("S1") may not be fully
 realized or realized within the expected timeframe;
- the cyclical nature of our revenue and earnings and the accuracy of forecasts due to the concentration of revenue generating activity during the final weeks of each quarter; and
- volatility in our stock price.

The cautionary statements in this report expressly qualify all of our forward-looking statements.

The following discussion should be read together with our financial statements and related notes contained in this report and with the financial statements and related notes and Management's Discussion & Analysis in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, filed February 22, 2012. Results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, are not necessarily indicative of results that may be attained in the future.

Overview

We develop, market, install and support a broad line of software products and services primarily focused on facilitating electronic payments. In addition to our own products, we distribute, or act as a sales agent for, software developed by third parties. Our products are sold and supported through distribution networks covering three geographic regions – the Americas, EMEA and Asia/Pacific. Each distribution network has its own sales force and supplements its sales force with independent reseller and/or distributor networks. Our products are used principally by financial institutions, retailers and electronic payment processors, both in domestic and international markets. Accordingly, our business and operating results are influenced by trends such as information technology spending levels, the growth rate of the electronic payments industry, mandated regulatory changes, and changes in the number and type of customers in the financial services industry. Our products are marketed under the ACI Worldwide and ACI brands.

We derive a majority of our revenues from non-domestic operations and believe our greatest opportunities for growth exist largely in international markets. Refining our global infrastructure is a critical component of driving our growth. We have launched a globalization strategy which includes elements intended to streamline our supply chain and provide low-cost centers of expertise to support a growing international customer base. We utilize our Irish subsidiaries to manage certain of our intellectual property rights and to oversee and manage certain international product development and commercialization efforts. We also continue to grow low-cost centers of expertise in Romania and India.

Key trends that currently impact our strategies and operations include:

- Global Financial Markets Uncertainty. The continuing uncertainty in the global financial markets has negatively impacted general business conditions. It is possible that a weakening economy could adversely affect our customers, their purchasing plans, or even their solvency, but we cannot predict whether or to what extent this will occur. We have diversified counterparties and customers, but we continue to monitor our counterparty and customer risks closely. While the effects of the economic conditions in the future are not predictable, we believe our global presence, the breadth and diversity of our service offerings and our enhanced expense management capabilities position us well in a slower economic climate. Market analysts, such as Boston Consulting Group, indicate that banks now recognize the importance of payments to their business, so providing services for that aspect of the business is of less risk than for other aspects of their business.
- Availability of Credit. There were significant disruptions in the capital and credit markets and many lenders and financial institutions have reduced or ceased to provide funding to borrowers. The availability of credit, confidence in the entire financial sector, and volatility in financial markets have been adversely affected. These disruptions are likely to have some impact on all institutions in the U.S. banking and financial industries, including our lenders and the lenders of our customers. The Federal Reserve Bank has been providing vast amounts of liquidity into the banking system to compensate for weaknesses in short-term borrowing markets and other capital markets. A reduction in the Federal Reserve's activities or capacity could reduce liquidity in the markets, thereby increasing funding costs or reducing the availability of funds to finance our existing operations as well as those of our customers. We are not currently dependent upon short-term funding, and the limited availability of credit in the market has not affected our revolving credit facility or our liquidity or materially impacted our funding costs.
- Increasing electronic payment transaction volumes. Electronic payment volumes continue to increase around the world, taking market share from traditional cash and check transactions. In February 2011 Boston Consulting Group predicted that noncash payment transactions would grow in volume at an annual rate of 9% from \$309 billion in 2010 to \$740 billion in 2020, with varying growth rates based on the type of payment and part of the world. We leverage the growth in transaction volumes through the licensing of new systems to customers whose older systems cannot handle increased volume and through the licensing of capacity upgrades to existing customers.
- Adoption of real time delivery. Customer expectations, from both consumers and corporate, are driving the payments world to more real time delivery. In the UK, payments sent through the traditional ACH multi day batch service can now be sent through the Faster Payments service giving almost immediate access to the funds. This is being considered in several countries including Singapore and the US. Corporate customers expect real time information on the status of their payments instead of waiting for an end of day report. Regulators expect banks to be monitoring key measures like liquidity in real time. ACI's focus has always been on the real time execution of transactions and delivery of information through real time tools such as dashboards so our experience will be valuable in addressing this trend.

- **Increasing competition.** The electronic payments market is highly competitive and subject to rapid change. Our competition comes from in-house information technology departments, third-party electronic payment processors and third-party software companies located both within and outside of the United States. Many of these companies are significantly larger than us and have significantly greater financial, technical and marketing resources. As electronic payment transaction volumes increase, third-party processors tend to provide competition to our solutions, particularly among customers that do not seek to differentiate their electronic payment offerings or are eliminating banks from the payments service reducing the need for our solutions. As consolidation in the financial services industry continues, we anticipate that competition for those customers will intensify.
- Adoption of cloud technology. In an effort to leverage lower-cost computing technologies, some financial institutions, retailers and electronic
 payment processors are seeking to transition their systems to make use of cloud technology. Currently this is impacting areas such as customer
 relationship management systems rather than payment services. Our investment in ACI On Demand provides us the infrastructure to deliver cloud
 capabilities in the future.
- Electronic payments fraud and compliance. As electronic payment transaction volumes increase, criminal elements continue to find ways to commit a growing volume of fraudulent transactions using a wide range of techniques. Financial institutions, retailers and electronic payment processors continue to seek ways to leverage new technologies to identify and prevent fraudulent transactions. Due to concerns with international terrorism and money laundering, financial institutions in particular are being faced with increasing scrutiny and regulatory pressures. We continue to see opportunity to offer our fraud detection solutions to help customers manage the growing levels of electronic payment fraud and compliance activity.
- Adoption of smartcard technology. In many markets, card issuers are being required to issue new cards with embedded chip technology. Chipbased cards are more secure, harder to copy and offer the opportunity for multiple functions on one card (e.g. debit, credit, electronic purse, identification, health records, etc.). The EMV standard for issuing and processing debit and credit card transactions has emerged as the global standard, with many regions throughout the world working on EMV rollouts. The primary benefit of EMV deployment is a reduction in electronic payment fraud, with the additional benefit that the core infrastructure necessary for multi-function chip cards is being put in place (e.g., chip card readers in ATMs and POS devices) allowing the deployment of other technologies like contactless. We are working with many customers around the world to facilitate EMV deployments, leveraging several of our solutions.
- Single Euro Payments Area ("SEPA"). The SEPA, primarily focused on the European Economic Community and the United Kingdom, is designed to facilitate lower costs for cross-border payments and reduce timeframes for settling electronic payment transactions. Recent moves to set an end date for the transition to SEPA payment mechanisms will drive more volume to these systems with the potential to cause banks to review the capabilities of the systems supporting these payments. Our retail and wholesale banking solutions facilitate key functions that help financial institutions address these mandated regulations. However, current uncertainty over the future of the Euro currency may delay further take up of the SEPA payment mechanisms.
- **Financial institution consolidation.** Consolidation continues on a national and international basis, as financial institutions seek to add market share and increase overall efficiency. Such consolidations have increased, and may continue to increase, in their number, size and market impact as a result of the global economic crisis and the financial crisis affecting the banking and financial industries. There are several potential negative effects of increased consolidation activity. Continuing consolidation of financial institutions may result in a smaller number of existing and potential customers for our products and services. Consolidation of two of our customers could result in reduced revenues if the combined entity were to negotiate greater volume discounts or discontinue use of certain of our products. Additionally, if a non-customer and a customer combine and the combined entity decides to forego future use of our products, our revenue would decline. Conversely, we could benefit from the combination of a non-customer and a customer when the combined entity continues use of our products and, as a larger combined entity, increases its demand for our products and services. We tend to focus on larger financial institutions as customers, often resulting in our solutions being the solutions that survive in the consolidated entity.

- **Global vendor sourcing**. Global and regional financial institutions, processors and retailers are aiming to reduce the costs in supplier management by picking suppliers who can service them across all their geographies instead of allowing each country operation to choose suppliers independently. Our global footprint from both customer and a delivery perspective enable us to be successful in this global sourced market. However, projects in these environments tend to be more complex and therefore of higher risk.
- Electronic payments convergence. As electronic payment volumes grow and pressures to lower overall cost per transaction increase, financial institutions are seeking methods to consolidate their payment processing across the enterprise. We believe that the strategy of using service-oriented architectures to allow for re-use of common electronic payment functions such as authentication, authorization, routing and settlement will become more common. Using these techniques, financial institutions will be able to reduce costs, increase overall service levels, enable one-to-one marketing in multiple bank channels, leverage volumes for improved pricing and liquidity, and manage enterprise risk. Our Agile Payments Solution strategy is, in part, focused on this trend, by creating integrated payment functions that can be re-used by multiple bank channels, across both the consumer and wholesale bank. While this trend presents an opportunity for us, it may also expand the competition from third-party electronic payment technology and service providers specializing in other forms of electronic payments. Many of these providers are larger than us and have significantly greater financial, technical and marketing resources.
- **Mobile banking and payments.** There is a growing demand for the ability to carry out banking services or make payments using a mobile phone. Our customers have been making use of existing products to deploy mobile banking, mobile payment and mobile commerce and mobile payment solutions for their customers in many countries. The recent S1 acquisition has provided new product capabilities and led to the launch of ACI Mobile Channel Manager in June 2012. As the market continues to develop, we expect to extend our product sets as appropriate to support mobile functionality.

The banking, financial services and payments industries have come under increased scrutiny from federal, state and foreign lawmakers and regulators in response to the crises in the financial markets and the global recession. In particular, the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act"), which was signed into law July 21, 2010, represents a comprehensive overhaul of the U.S. financial services industry and requires the implementation of many new regulations that will have a direct impact on our customers and potential customers. These regulatory changes may create both opportunities and challenges for us. The application of the new regulations on our customers could create an opportunity for us to market our product capabilities and the flexibility of our solutions to assist our customers in addressing these regulations. At the same time, these regulatory changes may have an adverse impact on our operations and our financial results as we adjust our activities in light of increased compliance costs and customer requirements. It is currently too difficult to predict the actual extent to which the Dodd-Frank Act or the resulting regulations will impact our business and the businesses of our current and potential customers.

Several other factors related to our business may have a significant impact on our operating results from year to year. For example, the accounting rules governing the timing of revenue recognition in the software industry are complex and it can be difficult to estimate when we will recognize revenue generated by a given transaction. Factors such as maturity of the software product licensed, payment terms, creditworthiness of the customer, and timing of delivery or acceptance of our products often cause revenues related to sales generated in one period to be deferred and recognized in later periods. For arrangements in which services revenue is deferred, related direct and incremental costs may also be deferred. Additionally, while the majority of our contracts are denominated in the United States dollar, a substantial portion of our sales are made, and some of our expenses are incurred, in the local currency of countries other than the United States. Fluctuations in currency exchange rates in a given period may result in the recognition of gains or losses for that period.

We continue to seek ways to grow, through organic sources, partnerships, alliances, and acquisitions. We continually look for potential acquisitions designed to improve our solutions' breadth or provide access to new markets. As part of our acquisition strategy, we seek acquisition candidates that are strategic, capable of being integrated into our operating environment, and financially accretive to our financial performance.

Acquisitions

North Data Uruguay S.A.

On May 24, 2012, we closed the acquisition of North Data Uruguay S.A. ("North Data"). North Data had been a long-term partner of ours, serving customers in South America in sales, service and support functions. The addition of the North Data team to the Company reinforces its commitment to serve the Latin American market.

The aggregate purchase price of North Data was \$4.6 million, which included cash acquired of \$0.1 million. The consideration paid by the Company to complete the acquisition has been allocated preliminarily to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon their estimated fair values as of the date of the acquisition. The allocation of purchase price is based upon certain external valuations and other analyses that have not been completed as of the date of this filing. Accordingly, the purchase price allocations are preliminary and are subject to future adjustments during the maximum one-year allocation period.

Factors contributing to the purchase price that resulted in the goodwill (which is not tax deductible) include the acquisition of management, sales, and services personnel with the skills to market and support products of the Company in the Latin America region.

SI Corporation

On February 10, 2012, we completed the exchange offer for S1 Corporation and all its subsidiaries. The acquisition was effectively closed on February 13, 2012 for approximately \$368.7 million in cash and 5.9 million shares of our stock, including 95,500 shares reissued from Treasury stock, resulting in a total purchase price of \$587.3 million (the "Merger"). The combination of the Company and S1 will create a leader in the global enterprise payments industry. The combined company will have enhanced scale, breadth and additional capabilities, as well as a complementary suite of products that will better serve the entire spectrum of financial institutions, processors and retailers.

The Merger was accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting with the Company identified as the acquirer. Under the acquisition method of accounting, we recorded all assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their respective acquisition-date fair values.

We used \$73.7 million of our cash balance for the acquisition in addition to \$295.0 million of senior bank financing arranged through Wells Fargo Securities, LLC. See Note 3, *Debt*, for terms of the financing arrangement.

The acquisition of S1 positions us as a full-service global leader of financial and payment solutions, with the ability to deliver the broadest suite of payment offerings globally targeting financial organizations, processors and retailers–supported by a global team of expert, local employees. S1 brings to the Company a highly complementary set of products, strong global capabilities and success with a range of financial institutions and retailers.

We have achieved annual cost synergies of approximately \$33 million with S1. We anticipate we will achieve an additional \$20 million in cost synergies as a result of IT, facilities, and data center consolidations in future periods. In addition, the increased global scale and expected cost savings are expected to generate margin expansion.

Restructuring

During the six months ended June 30, 2012, we reduced our headcount by 269 employees as a part of our integration with newly acquired S1. In connection with these actions, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, approximately \$3.4 million and \$9.6 million, respectively, of termination costs were recognized in general and administrative expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Approximately \$6.0 million of these termination costs were paid during the six months ended June 30, 2012. The remaining liability is expected to be paid over the next 12 months.

International Business Machines Corporation Information Technology Outsourcing Agreement

On April 1, 2012, we provided notice of termination for the Master Services Agreement with International Business Machines to outsource our internal information technology environment. The effective date of the termination will be January 31, 2013.

We have recorded the \$3.0 million termination fee in general and administrative expenses during the three months ended June 30, 2012 in the accompanying consolidated condensed statements of operations. The termination fee is due on the termination date of January 31, 2013. In addition, we will incur additional fees related to the transition in accordance with the terms of the agreement that we expect to expense and pay as incurred.

Backlog

Included in backlog estimates are all software license fees, maintenance fees and services fees specified in executed contracts, as well as revenues from assumed contract renewals to the extent that we believe recognition of the related revenue will occur within the corresponding backlog period. We have historically included assumed renewals in backlog estimates based upon automatic renewal provisions in the executed contract and our historic experience with customer renewal rates.

Our 60-month backlog estimate represents expected revenues from existing customers using the following key assumptions:

- Maintenance fees are assumed to exist for the duration of the license term for those contracts in which the committed maintenance term is less than the committed license term.
- License and facilities management arrangements are assumed to renew at the end of their committed term at a rate consistent with our historical experiences.
- Non-recurring license arrangements are assumed to renew as recurring revenue streams.
- Foreign currency exchange rates are assumed to remain constant over the 60-month backlog period for those contracts stated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar.
- Our pricing policies and practices are assumed to remain constant over the 60-month backlog period.

In computing our 60-month backlog estimate, the following items are specifically not taken into account:

- Anticipated increases in transaction volumes in customer systems.
- Optional annual uplifts or inflationary increases in recurring fees.
- Services engagements, other than facilities management, are not assumed to renew over the 60-month backlog period.
- The potential impact of merger activity within our markets and/or customers.

We review our customer renewal experience on an annual basis. The impact of this review and subsequent update may result in a revision to the renewal assumptions used in computing the 60-month and 12-month backlog estimates. In the event a revision to renewal assumptions is determined to be necessary, prior periods will be adjusted for comparability purposes. Based on our annual review of customer renewal experience completed during the three months ended December 31, 2011, backlog results for all reported periods have been updated to reflect our most current customer renewal experience.

The following table sets forth our 60-month backlog estimate, by geographic region, as of June 30, 2012, March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 (in millions). The June 30, 2012 60-month backlog estimate includes approximately \$690 million as a result of the acquisition of S1. Dollar amounts reflect foreign currency exchange rates as of each period end.

	June 30, 2012	March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Americas	\$1,414	\$ 1,405	\$ 912
EMEA	653	669	514
Asia/Pacific	239	243	191
Total	\$2,306	\$ 2,317	\$ 1,617

Included in our 60-month backlog estimates are amounts expected to be recognized during the initial license term of customer contracts ("Committed Backlog") and amounts expected to be recognized from assumed renewals of existing customer contracts ("Renewal Backlog"). Amounts expected to be recognized from assumed contract renewals are based on our historical renewal experience.

The following table sets forth our 60-month Committed Backlog and Renewal Backlog estimates as of June 30, 2012, March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 (in millions). Dollar amounts reflect foreign currency exchange rates as of each period end.

	June 30, 2012	March 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Committed	\$1,096	\$ 1,117	\$ 952
Renewal	1,210	1,200	665
Total	\$2,306	\$ 2,317	\$ 1,617

We also estimate 12-month backlog, segregated between monthly recurring and non-recurring revenues, using a methodology consistent with the 60-month backlog estimate. Monthly recurring revenues include all monthly license fees, maintenance fees and processing services fees. Non-recurring revenues include other software license fees and services fees. Amounts included in our 12-month backlog estimate assume renewal of one-time license fees on a monthly fee basis if such renewal is expected to occur in the next 12 months. The following table sets forth our 12-month backlog estimate, by geographic region, as of June 30, 2012, March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011 (in millions). The June 30, 2012 12-month backlog estimate includes approximately \$168 million as a result of the acquisition of S1. For all periods reported, approximately 90% of our 12-month backlog estimate is Committed Backlog and approximately 10% of our 12-month backlog estimate is Renewal Backlog. Dollar amounts reflect foreign currency exchange rates as of each period end.

					fune 30, 2012				
				nthly		on-	T	أحد	
Americas			\$	<u>irring</u> 278	\$	urring 63		<u>otal</u> 841	
EMEA			Ψ	120	Ψ	38		.58	
Asia/Pacific				48		23		71	
Total			\$	446	\$	124		570	
		March	31, 2012			D	ecember	31, 2011	
	Montl		Non-	T 1		Aonthly		lon-	T 1
Americas	<u>Recurr</u> \$ 2	<u>ng Re</u> 82 \$	curring 59	<u>Total</u> \$341	<u>R</u> \$	ecurring 183	<u>Rec</u> \$	urring 47	<u>Total</u> \$230
EMEA		24	44	168	+	97	+	43	140
Asia/Pacific		48	25	73		38		16	54
Total	\$ 4	54 \$	128	\$582	\$	318	\$	106	\$424

Estimates of future financial results are inherently unreliable. Our backlog estimates require substantial judgment and are based on a number of assumptions as described above. These assumptions may turn out to be inaccurate or wrong, including for reasons outside of management's control. For example, our customers may attempt to renegotiate or terminate their contracts for a number of reasons, including mergers, changes in their financial condition, or general changes in economic conditions in the customer's industry or geographic location, or we may experience delays in the development or delivery of products or services specified in customer contracts which may cause the actual renewal rates and amounts to differ from historical experiences. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates may also impact the amount of revenue actually recognized in future periods. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that amounts included in backlog estimates will actually generate the specified revenues or that the actual revenues will be generated within the corresponding 12-month or 60-month period. Additionally, because backlog estimates are operating metrics, the estimates are not required to be subject to the same level of internal review or controls as a GAAP financial measure.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table presents the condensed consolidated statements of operations as well as the percentage relationship to total revenues of items included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations (amounts in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2012		2011		201	2012		2011 % of	
		% of Total		% of Total		% of Total		% of Total	
	Amount	Revenue	Amount	Revenue	Amount	Revenue	Amount	Revenue	
Revenues:									
Initial license fees (ILFs)	\$ 12,103	8.1%	\$ 12,704	11.2%	\$ 37,503	13.0%	\$ 25,269	11.6%	
Monthly license fees (MLFs)	24,542	16.4%	33,381	29.4%	50,052	17.4%	64,540	29.6%	
Software license fees	36,645	24.5%	46,085	40.7%	87,555	30.5%	89,809	41.2%	
Maintenance fees	49,359	33.0%	37,195	32.8%	93,094	32.4%	72,265	33.2%	
Services	33,888	22.6%	18,673	16.5%	56,740	19.7%	34,044	15.6%	
Software hosting fees	29,905	20.0%	11,413	10.1%	50,033	17.4%	21,791	10.0%	
Total revenues	149,797	100.0%	113,366	100.0%	287,422	100.0%	217,909	100.0%	
Expenses:									
Cost of software licenses fees	5,818	3.9%	4,136	3.6%	10,750	3.7%	7,578	3.5%	
Cost of maintenance, services, and hosting fees	55,715	37.2%	31,818	28.1%	96,606	33.6%	61,425	28.2%	
Research and development	35,027	23.4%	23,784	21.0%	65,960	22.9%	46,914	21.5%	
Selling and marketing	23,178	15.5%	21,791	19.2%	43,876	15.3%	41,085	18.9%	
General and administrative	28,236	18.8%	15,804	13.9%	62,598	21.8%	32,166	14.8%	
Depreciation and amortization	9,681	6.5%	5,611	4.9%	17,103	6.0%	10,821	5.0%	
Total expenses	157,655	105.2%	102,944	90.8%	296,893	103.3%	199,989	91.8%	
Operating income (loss)	(7,858)	-5.2%	10,422	9.2%	(9,471)	-3.3%	17,920	8.2%	
Other income (expense):									
Interest income	234	0.2%	196	0.2%	483	0.2%	434	0.2%	
Interest expense	(2,875)	-1.9%	(374)	-0.3%	(4,766)	-1.7%	(1,017)	-0.5%	
Other, net	(347)	-0.2%	260	0.2%	531	0.2%	(42)	0.0%	
Total other income (expense)	(2,988)	-2.0%	82	0.1%	(3,752)	-1.3%	(625)	-0.3%	
Income (loss) before income taxes	(10,846)	-7.2%	10,504	9.3%	(13,223)	-4.6%	17,295	7.9%	
Income tax expense (benefit)	(6,195)	-4.1%	704	0.6%	(6,750)	-2.3%	5,873	2.7%	
Net income (loss)	\$ (4,651)	-3.1%	\$ 9,800	8.6%	\$ (6,473)	-2.3%	\$ 11,422	5.2%	

Three-Month Period Ended June 30, 2012 Compared to Three-Month Period June 30, 2011

Revenues

Total revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2012 increased \$36.4 million, or 32.1%, as compared to the same period in 2011 of which \$43.1 million, or 38.0%, was due to the acquisition of \$1. Total revenues increased as a result of a \$12.1 million, or 32.7%, increase in maintenance fee revenue, a \$15.2 million, or 81.5%, increase in services revenues, and a \$18.5 million, or 162.0%, increase in software hosting fees revenue offset by a \$9.4 million, or 20.5%, decrease in software license fee revenues.

The increase in total revenues was driven by increases in the Americas, EMEA and Asia/Pacific reportable operating segments of \$23.8 million, \$7.7 million and \$4.9 million, respectively.

Software License Fees Revenue

Customers purchase the right to license ACI software for the term of their agreement which is generally 60 months. Within these agreements are specified capacity limits typically based on customer transaction volumes. ACI employs measurement tools that monitor the number of transactions processed by customers and if contractually specified limits are exceeded, additional fees are charged for the overage. Capacity overages may occur at varying times throughout the term of the agreement depending on the product, the size of the customer, and the significance of customer transaction volume growth. Depending on specific circumstances, multiple overages or no overages may occur during the term of the agreement.

As a result of the maturation of certain retail payment engine products, a higher percentage of our initial license fees are being recognized ratably over an extended period. Initial license and capacity fees that are recognized as revenue ratably over an extended period are included in our monthly license fee revenues. Due to the varying periods over which these revenues are being recognized, our MLF revenues have decreased during the three months ended June 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011.

Initial License Fees (ILF) Revenue

ILF revenue includes license and capacity revenues that do not recur on a monthly or quarterly basis. Included in ILF revenues are license and capacity fees that are recognizable at the inception of the agreement and license and capacity fees that are recognizable at interim points during the term of the agreement, including those that are recognizable annually due to negotiated customer payment terms. ILF revenues during the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011, decreased by \$0.6 million, or 4.7%. The decrease in ILF revenues is primarily due to modest differences in revenue recognized from customer golive and capacity events as compared to the year ago quarter. ILF revenue decreased in the Americas and Asia/Pacific operating segments by \$1.8 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, partially offset by an increase in the EMEA operating segment by \$1.9 million. Included in the above is an increase in capacity-related revenues of \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011.

Monthly License Fees (MLF) Revenue

MLF revenues are license and capacity revenues that are paid monthly or quarterly due to negotiated customer payment terms as well as initial license and capacity fees that are recognized as revenue ratably over an extended period as MLF revenue. MLF revenues decreased \$8.8 million, or 26.5%, during the three months ended June 30, 2012, as compared to the same period in 2011 with the Americas and EMEA operating segments decreasing by \$1.7 million and \$7.2 million, respectively, partially offset by an increase of \$0.1 million in the Asia/Pacific operating segment. MLF revenue increased \$2.1 million, or 6.2%, due to the addition of S1. The overall decrease in MLF revenues is primarily due to a reduction in the amount of ILF revenue that is being recognized ratably over an extended period as a result of the maturation of certain retail payment engine products primarily in the Americas and EMEA operating segments.

Maintenance Fees Revenue

Maintenance fee revenue includes standard and enhanced maintenance or any post-contract support fees received from customers for the provision of product support services. Maintenance fee revenues increased \$12.1 million, or 32.7%, during the three months ended June 30, 2012, as compared to the same period in 2011 due to the addition of S1. Maintenance fee revenue increased in the Americas, EMEA and Asia/Pacific operating segments by \$5.0 million, \$5.6 million and \$1.5 million, respectively.

Services Revenue

Services revenue includes fees earned through implementation services, professional services and facilities management services. Implementation services include product installations, product configurations, and retrofit custom software modifications ("CSM's"). Professional services include business consultancy, technical consultancy, on-site support services, CSM's, product education, and testing services. These services include new customer implementations as well as existing customer migrations to new products or new releases of existing products. During the period in which non-essential services revenue is being deferred, direct and incremental costs related to the performance of these services are also being deferred.

Services revenue increased \$15.2 million, or 81.5%, for the three months ended June 30, 2012, as compared to the same period in 2011 of which \$12.5 million, or 66.8%, is due to the addition of S1. Services revenue increased in all operating segments with the Americas, EMEA and Asia/Pacific operating segments increasing by \$4.9 million, \$6.2 million and \$4.1 million, respectively.

Software Hosting Fees Revenue

Software hosting fee revenue includes fees earned through hosting and on-demand arrangements. All revenues from hosting and on-demand arrangements, which may include set-up fees, implementation or customization services, and product support services, are included in software hosting fee revenue.

Software hosting fees revenue increased \$18.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2012 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2011 of which \$16.6 million is due to the addition of S1. Software hosting fee revenue increased in the Americas and EMEA segments by \$17.4 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, and can be attributed to new customers adopting our on-demand or hosted offerings and existing customers adding new functionality or services.

Expenses

Total operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2012 increased \$54.7 million, or 53.1%, as compared to the same period of 2011. Included in operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2012 were approximately \$45.0 million of operating expenses from the addition of S1. Additionally, there were approximately \$7.6 million of acquisition related one-time expenses incurred in the three months ended June 30, 2012, including \$3.6 million of severance expense and accelerated share-based compensation expense, \$3.1 million related to IT outsource termination charges and \$0.9 million of additional professional fees related to the acquisition of S1. Excluding these expenses, total operating expenses increased approximately \$2.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily the result of a release of \$3.9 million of previously deferred expenses associated with a significant project go-live.

Cost of Software License Fees

The cost of software licenses for our products sold includes third-party software royalties as well as the amortization of purchased and developed software for resale. In general, the cost of software licenses for our products is minimal because we internally develop most of the software components, the cost of which is reflected in research and development expense as it is incurred as technological feasibility coincides with general availability of the software components.

Cost of software licenses fees increased \$1.7 million, or 40.7% in the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily from \$2.1 million amortization of S1 acquisition software, partially offset by \$0.3 million reduced amortization on software acquired in previous acquisitions.

Cost of Maintenance, Services, and Hosting fees

Cost of maintenance, services and hosting fees includes costs to provide hosting services and both the costs of maintaining our software products as well as the service costs required to deliver, install and support software at customer sites. Maintenance costs include the efforts associated with providing the customer with upgrades, 24-hour help desk, post go-live (remote) support and production-type support for software that was previously installed at a customer location. Service costs include human resource costs and other incidental costs such as travel and training required for both pre go-live and post go-live support. Such efforts include project management, delivery, product customization and implementation, installation support, consulting, configuration, and on-site support.

Cost of maintenance, services, and hosting fees increased \$23.9 million, or 75.1% in the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily as a result of \$23.4 million from the addition of S1. Additionally, we had a release of \$3.9 million of previously deferred expenses associated with a significant go-live, offset by a reduction in personnel related costs of \$3.4 million.

Research and Development

Research and development ("R&D") expenses are primarily human resource costs related to the creation of new products, improvements made to existing products and the costs related to regulatory requirements and processing mandates as well as compatibility with new operating system releases and generations of hardware.

Research and development expense increased \$11.2 million, or 47.3% in the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily as a result of \$11.6 million from the addition of S1, partially offset by \$0.4 million in lower personnel costs.

Selling and Marketing

Selling and marketing includes both the costs related to selling our products to current and prospective customers as well as the costs related to promoting the Company, its products and the research efforts required to measure customers' future needs and satisfaction levels. Selling costs are primarily the human resource and travel costs related to the effort expended to license our products and services to current and potential customers within defined territories and/or industries as well as the management of the overall relationship with customer accounts. Selling costs also include the costs associated with assisting distributors in their efforts to sell our products and services in their respective local markets. Marketing costs include costs needed to promote the Company and its products as well as perform or acquire market research to help us better understand what products our customers are looking for in the future. Marketing costs also include the costs associated with measuring customers' opinions toward the Company, our products and personnel.

Selling and marketing expense increased \$1.4 million, or 6.4%, in the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily as a result of \$2.4 million from the addition of \$1, partially offset by \$1.0 million lower sales compensation expense associated with lower sales bookings.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses are primarily human resource costs including executive salaries and benefits, personnel administration costs, and the costs of corporate support functions such as legal, administrative, human resources and finance and accounting.

General and administrative expense increased \$12.4 million, or 78.7%, in the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily as a result of \$7.6 million of acquisition related one-time expenses incurred in the three months ended June 30, 2012, including \$3.6 million of severance expense, \$3.1 million related to IT outsource termination charges and \$0.9 million of additional professional fees related to the acquisition of \$1. Additionally, \$1.7 million of the increase was the result of the addition of \$1. Excluding these expenses, total general and administrative expenses increased approximately \$3.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 due primarily to an increase in other professional fees and in our allowance for bad debts.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense includes charges for depreciation of property and equipment and amortization of acquired intangibles excluding amortization of purchased or developed technology for resale. Amortization of acquired intangibles include customer relationships, trade names, non-competes and other intangible assets.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$4.1 million, or 72.5%, in the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily the result of \$3.6 million from the addition of \$1 and the remaining \$0.5 million increase resulting from higher capital expenditures.

Other Income and Expense

Other income and expense includes interest income and expense, foreign currency gains and losses, and other non-operating items. Fluctuating currency rates impacted the three months ended June 30, 2012 by \$0.4 million in net foreign currency losses, as compared with \$0.3 million in net gains during the same period in 2011. Interest expense increased \$2.5 million during the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 due to the increased debt used to partially fund the S1 acquisition during the first quarter of 2012. Interest income was flat for the three months ended June 30, 2012 when compared to the corresponding period in 2011.

Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2012 was 57.1%. The earnings of our foreign entities for the three months ended June 30, 2012 were \$12.8 million. The tax rates in the foreign jurisdictions in which we operate are less than the domestic tax rate. The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2012 was positively impacted by foreign profits taxed at lower rates and a domestic loss taxed at a higher rate. The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2012 was positively impacted by a \$1.4 million release of a valuation allowance. The valuation allowance was released based upon evidence that one of our foreign entities will be able to fully utilize its remaining tax losses.

The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2011 was 6.7%. The earnings of our foreign entities for the three months ended June 30, 2011 were \$10.2 million. The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2011 was positively impacted by the favorable adjustment of \$3.9 million to our uncertain tax positions, partially offset by a reversal of related deferred tax assets of \$1.7 million. Our effective tax rate was positively impacted by tax rates in foreign jurisdictions that are less than our domestic rate, partially offset by the recognition of tax expense associated with the transfer of certain intellectual property rights from U.S. to non-U.S. entities.

Our effective tax rate could fluctuate significantly on a quarterly basis and could be negatively affected to the extent earnings are lower in the countries in which we operate that have a lower statutory rate or higher in the countries in which we operate that have a higher statutory rate or the extent we have losses sustained in countries where the future utilization of losses are uncertain. Our effective tax rate could also fluctuate due to changes in the valuation of our deferred tax assets or liabilities, or by changes in tax laws, regulations, accounting principles, or interpretations thereof. In addition, we are occasionally subject to examination of our income tax returns by tax authorities in the jurisdictions we operate. We regularly assess the likelihood of adverse outcomes resulting from these examinations to determine the adequacy of our provision for income taxes.

Six-Month Period Ended June 30, 2012 Compared to Six-Month Period June 30, 2011

Revenues

Total revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2012 increased \$69.5 million, or 31.9%, as compared to the same period in 2011 of which \$65.7 million, or 30.2%, was due to the acquisition of \$1. Total revenues increased as a result of a \$20.8 million, or 28.8%, increase in maintenance fee revenue, a \$22.7 million, or 66.7%, increase in services revenues, and a \$28.2 million, or 129.6%, increase in software hosting fees revenue, offset by a \$2.2 million, or 2.5%, decrease in software license fee revenues.

The increase in total revenues was driven by increases in the Americas, EMEA and Asia/Pacific reportable operating segments of \$45.6 million, \$10.4 million and \$13.5 million, respectively.

Initial License Fees (ILF) Revenue

ILF revenues during the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011, increased by \$12.2 million, or 48.4%, of which \$1.6 million, or 6.3% was due to the addition of S1. The increase in ILF revenues is primarily due to an increase in revenue recognized from customer go-live and capacity events as compared to the year ago quarter. ILF revenue increased in all operating segments with the Americas, EMEA, and Asia/Pacific operating segments increasing by \$3.0 million, \$6.0 million and \$3.2 million, respectively. Included in the above is an increase in capacity-related revenues of \$8.8 million primarily in the EMEA operating segments and to a lesser extent in the Americas and Asia/Pacific operating segments within the six months ended June 30, 2012 as compared to the same period in 2011.

Monthly License Fees (MLF) Revenue

MLF revenues decreased \$14.5 million, or 22.4%, during the six months ended June 30, 2012, as compared to the same period in 2011 with the Americas and EMEA operating segments decreasing by \$2.1 million and \$12.9 million, respectively, partially offset by an increase of \$0.5 million in the Asia/Pacific operating segment. MLF revenue increased \$2.8 million, or 4.3%, due to the addition of S1. The overall decrease in MLF revenues is primarily due to a reduction in the amount of ILF revenue that is being recognized ratably over an extended period as a result of the maturation of certain retail payment engine products in the Americas and EMEA operating segments.

Maintenance Fees Revenue

Maintenance fee revenues increased \$20.8 million, or 28.8%, during the six months ended June 30, 2012, as compared to the same period in 2011 of which \$18.3 million, or 25.3%, was due to the addition of S1. Maintenance fee revenue increased in the Americas, EMEA and Asia/Pacific operating segments by \$10.2 million, \$7.7 million and \$2.9 million, respectively. Increases in maintenance fee revenues are primarily driven by an increase in the customer installation base, expanded product usage by existing customers, and increased adoption of our enhanced support programs.

Services Revenue

Services revenue increased \$22.7 million, or 66.7%, for the six months ended June 30, 2012, as compared to the same period in 2011 of which \$18.5 million, or 54.4%, is due to the addition of S1. Services revenue increased in all operating segments with the Americas, EMEA and Asia/Pacific operating segments increasing by \$7.8 million, \$8.0 million and \$6.9 million, respectively.

Software Hosting Fees Revenue

Software hosting fees revenue increased \$28.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2012 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2011 of which \$24.4 million is due to the addition of S1. Software hosting fee revenue increased in the Americas and EMEA segments by \$26.7 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, and can be attributed to new customers adopting our on-demand or hosted offerings and existing customers adding new functionality or services.

Expenses

Total operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2012 increased \$96.9 million, or 48.5%, as compared to the same period of 2011. Included in operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2012 were approximately \$71.4 million of operating expenses related to the addition of S1. Additionally, there were approximately \$22.6 million of acquisition related one-time expenses incurred in the six months ended June 30, 2012, including \$12.7 million of severance expense and accelerated share-based compensation expense, \$4.1 million related to investment banking fees, \$3.1 million related to IT outsource termination charges and \$2.7 million of additional professional fees related to the acquisition of S1. Excluding these expenses, total operating expenses increased approximately \$2.9 million in the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily due to of the release of \$3.9 million of previously deferred expenses associated with a significant project go-live.

Cost of Software License Fees

Cost of software licenses fees increased \$3.2 million, or 41.9% in the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily from \$3.2 million amortization of S1 acquisition software.

Cost of Maintenance, Services, and Hosting fees

Cost of maintenance, services, and hosting fees increased \$35.2 million, or 57.3% in the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily as a result of \$34.6 million from the addition of S1 and \$3.9 million of deferred expenses associated with a significant go-live, partially offset by a reduction in personnel related costs of \$3.3 million.

Research and Development

Research and development expense increased \$19.0 million, or 40.6%, in the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily as a result of \$17.8 million from the addition of \$1 and \$1.2 million in higher personnel costs.

Selling and Marketing

Selling and marketing expense increased \$2.8 million, or 6.8%, in the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily as a result of \$4.7 million from the addition of \$1, partially offset by \$1.9 million lower sales compensation expense associated with lower sales.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expense increased \$30.4 million, or 94.6%, in the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011. There were approximately \$22.6 million of acquisition related one-time expenses incurred in the six months ended June 30, 2012, including \$12.7 million of severance expense and accelerated share-based compensation expense, \$4.1 million related to investment banking fees, \$3.1 million related to IT outsource termination charges and \$2.7 million of additional professional fees related to the acquisition of S1. Additionally, \$5.4 million of the increase was the result of the addition of S1. Excluding these expenses, total general and administrative expenses increased approximately \$2.4 million due to higher professional fees and an increase in our allowance for bad debt.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$6.3 million, or 58.1%, in the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily as a result of the addition of \$5.3 million from the addition of \$1 and \$1.0 million from higher capital expenditures.

Other Income and Expense

Other income and expense includes interest income and expense, foreign currency gains and losses, and other non-operating items. Fluctuating currency rates impacted the six months ended June 30, 2012 by \$1.0 million in net foreign currency losses, as compared with less than \$0.1 million in net gains during the same period in 2011. Interest expense increased \$3.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 due to the increased debt used to partially fund the S1 acquisition during the first quarter of 2012. Interest income was flat for the six months ended June 30, 2012 when compared to the corresponding period in 2011. The Company also realized a gain of \$1.6 million on the shares of S1 stock previously held as available-for-sale during the six months ended June 30, 2012.

Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was 51.0%. The earnings of our foreign entities for the six months ended June 30, 2012 were \$22.5 million. The tax rates in the foreign jurisdictions in which we operate are less than the domestic tax rate. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was positively impacted by foreign profits taxed at lower rates and a domestic loss taxed at a higher rate. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was positively impacted by a \$1.4 million release of a valuation allowance. The valuation allowance was released based upon evidence that one of our foreign entities will be able to fully utilize its remaining tax losses.

The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was 34.0%. The earnings of our foreign entities for the six months ended June 30, 2011 were \$10.4 million. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was positively impacted by the favorable adjustment of \$3.9 million to our uncertain tax positions, partially offset by a reversal of related deferred tax assets of \$1.7 million. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was positively impacted by the recognition of tax expense associated with the transfer of certain intellectual property rights from U.S. to non-U.S. entities.

Our effective tax rate could fluctuate significantly on a quarterly basis and could be negatively affected to the extent earnings are lower in the countries in which we operate that have a lower statutory rate or higher in the countries in which we operate that have a higher statutory rate or the extent we have losses sustained in countries where the future utilization of losses are uncertain. Our effective tax rate could also fluctuate due to changes in the valuation of our deferred tax assets or liabilities, or by changes in tax laws, regulations, accounting principles, or interpretations thereof. In addition, we are occasionally subject to examination of our income tax returns by tax authorities in the jurisdictions we operate. We regularly assess the likelihood of adverse outcomes resulting from these examinations to determine the adequacy of our provision for income taxes.

Segment Results

The following table presents revenues and operating income (loss) for the periods indicated by geographic region (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		
2012	2011	2012	2011
\$ 81,727	\$ 57,974	\$155,908	\$110,304
49,616	41,880	94,408	84,021
18,454	13,512	37,106	23,584
\$149,797	\$113,366	\$287,422	\$217,909
\$ 9,928	\$ 15,920	\$ 30,091	\$ 27,436
12,446	9,835	24,450	21,287
3,798	1,105	8,024	522
(34,030)	(16,438)	(72,036)	(31,325)
\$ (7,858)	\$ 10,422	\$ (9,471)	\$ 17,920
	June 2012 \$ 81,727 49,616 18,454 \$149,797 \$ 9,928 12,446 3,798 (34,030)	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

During the year ended December 31, 2011, we changed our segment operating income reporting measure to exclude certain corporate general and administrative expenses. Previously, corporate expenses were allocated to the segments. In addition, amortization expense on acquired intangibles is no longer allocated to the individual segments. All periods presented have been recast to reflect these changes.

Operating segment results are impacted by both direct expenses and allocated shared function costs such as global product development, global customer operations and global product management. Shared function costs are allocated to the geographic operating segments as a percentage of revenue or as a percentage of headcount. All administrative costs that are not directly attributable or reasonably allocable to a geographic segment are tracked in the corporate line item.

The increase in revenue and operating income for all geographic segments is due to the acquisition of S1 during the six months ended June 30, 2012. The Corporate line item's operating loss increased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 due to approximately \$7.6 million and \$22.6 million, respectively, in one-time expenses related to the acquisition of S1 as well as the increase in amortization expense for the intangible assets acquired.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

General

Our primary liquidity needs are: (i) to fund normal operating expenses; (ii) to meet the interest and principal requirements of our outstanding indebtedness; and (iii) to fund capital expenditures and lease payments. We believe these needs will be satisfied using cash flow generated by our operations, our cash and cash equivalents and available borrowings under our revolving credit facility.

As of June 30, 2012, we had \$149.6 million in cash and cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

As of June 30, 2012, \$87.6 million of the \$149.6 million of cash and cash equivalents was held by our foreign subsidiaries. If these funds were needed for our operations in the U.S. we would be required to accrue and pay U.S. taxes to repatriate these funds. However, our intent is to permanently reinvest these funds outside the U.S. and our current plans do not demonstrate a need to repatriate them to fund our U.S. operations.

The following table sets forth summary cash flow data for the periods indicated.

	Si	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2012	2011	
	(am	ounts in thousands)	
Net cash provided by (used by):			
Operating activities	\$ (18,0	(67) \$ 25,484	
Investing activities	(281,9	90) (30,264)	
Financing activities	254,5	63 2,836	

Net cash flows provided by (used by) operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2012 amounted to \$(18.1) million as compared to \$25.5 million during the same period in 2011. The comparative period decrease was primarily due to the payment of \$19.4 million in S1 acquisition related acquired liabilities, \$6.6 million of the Company's transaction fees related to the acquisition of S1, \$6.0 million in cash payments for restructuring related severance related to the S1 acquisition and an additional \$5.2 million in tax payments during the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011. Our current policy is to use our operating cash flow primarily for funding capital expenditures, our share buyback program, and acquisitions.

During the first six months of 2012, we paid \$270.9 million, net of \$97.7 million in cash acquired, to acquire S1. We paid \$4.5 million, net of \$0.1 million in cash acquired, to acquire North Data systems. Additionally, we used cash of \$5.6 million to purchase software, property and equipment.

In the first six months of 2012, we received proceeds of \$295.0 million from our Credit Agreement to partially fund our purchase of \$1. We repaid \$6.3 million of the Term Credit Facility during the six months ended June 30, 2012. In addition, during the first six months of 2012, we received proceeds of \$16.6 million, including corresponding excess tax benefits, from the exercises of stock options and the issuance of common stock under our 1999 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, as amended, and used \$44.1 million for the repurchases of common stock and \$2.4 million for the repurchase of restricted stock for tax withholdings. In addition, we made payments to third-party institutions, primarily related to debt and capital leases, totaling \$4.6 million and \$0.6 million for debt issuance costs related to the Credit Agreement.

We may also decide to use cash to acquire new products and services or enhance existing products and services through acquisitions of other companies, product lines, technologies and personnel, or through investments in other companies.

We believe that our existing sources of liquidity, including cash on hand and cash provided by operating activities, will satisfy our projected liquidity requirements, which primarily consists of working capital requirements, for the next twelve months and foreseeable future.

Debt

As of June 30, 2012, we had up to \$80 million of unused borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility portion of the Credit Agreement. The amount of unused borrowings actually available varies in accordance with the terms of the agreement. The Credit Agreement contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including limitations on the incurrence of indebtedness, asset dispositions, acquisitions, investments, dividends and other restricted payments, liens and transactions with affiliates. The Credit Agreement also contains financial covenants relating to maximum permitted leverage ratio and the minimum fixed charge coverage ratio. The facility does not contain any subjective acceleration features and does not have any required payment or principal reduction schedule and is included as a long-term liability in our consolidated balance sheet. At June 30, 2012 (and at all times during these periods) we were in compliance with our debt covenants. The interest rate in effect at June 30, 2012 was 2.25%.

We are not currently dependent upon short-term funding, and the limited availability of credit in the market has not affected our Credit Agreement, our liquidity or materially impacted our funding costs. However, due to the existing uncertainty in the capital and credit markets and the impact of the current economic crisis on our operating results and financial conditions, the amount of available unused borrowings under our existing Revolving Credit Facility may be insufficient to meet our needs and/or our access to capital outside of our Credit Agreement may not be available on terms acceptable to us or at all.

Stock Repurchase Program

As of December 31, 2011, our board of directors has approved a stock repurchase program authorizing us, from time to time as market and business conditions warrant, to acquire up to \$210 million of its common stock. In February 2012, our board of directors approved an increase of \$52.1 million to their current stock repurchase authorization, bringing the total authorization to \$262.1 million. Under the program to date, we have purchased 9,207,972 shares for approximately \$231.1million. We purchased 1,125,792 shares for \$44.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2012. The maximum remaining dollar value of shares authorized for purchase under the stock repurchase program was approximately \$31.0 million as of June 30, 2012.

There is no guarantee as to the exact number of shares that will be repurchased by us. Repurchased shares are returned to the status of authorized but unissued shares of common stock. In March 2005, our board of directors approved a plan under Rule 10b5-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to facilitate the repurchase of shares of common stock under the existing stock repurchase program. Under our Rule 10b5-1 plan, we have delegated authority over the timing and amount of repurchases to an independent broker who does not have access to inside information about the Company. Rule 10b5-1 allows us, through the independent broker, to purchase shares at times when we ordinarily would not be in the market because of self-imposed trading blackout periods, such as the time immediately preceding the end of the fiscal quarter through a period three business days following our quarterly earnings release.

Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

Other than as discussed below, there have been no material changes to the contractual obligations and commercial commitments disclosed in Item 7 of our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011.

	Payments due by Period (amounts in thousands) Less than 1			More than	
	Total	year	1-3 years	3-5 years	5 years
Contractual Obligations					
Acquired operating lease obligations (1)	\$ 15,886	\$ 4,013	\$ 5,231	\$ 2,869	\$ 3,773
New operating lease obligations (2)	3,758	448	1,027	1,177	1,106
Revolving Credit Facility (3)	170,000	_		170,000	_
Term Credit Facility (3)	193,750	15,000	51,250	127,500	
Revolving Credit Facility interest (4)	16,671	3,825	7,650	5,196	_
Term Credit Facility interest (4)	14,775	4,236	7,137	3,402	
IBM termination fee (5)	2,996	2,996			_
Total	\$417,836	\$ 30,518	\$72,295	\$310,144	\$ 4,879

(1) Operating leases acquired as a result of the S1 acquisition.

- (2) New operating lease obligations entered into during the six months ended June 30, 2012
- (3) Increase in the Revolving Credit Facility and Term Credit Facility represent debt used to partially fund the S1 acquisition during the six months ended June 30, 2012.

(4) Based upon the debt outstanding and interest rate in effect at June 30, 2012 of 2.25%.

(5) Termination fee for IBM IT outsourcing agreement as discussed in Note 16 to the condensed consolidation financial statements.

We are unable to reasonably estimate the ultimate amount or timing of settlement of our reserves for income taxes under Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 740, *Income Tax*. The liability for unrecognized tax benefits at June 30, 2012 is \$22.5 million. The liability for unrecognized tax benefits increased during the six months ended June 30, 2012 by \$18.4 million related to uncertain tax positions of S1 Corporation and subsidiaries.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements requires that we make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We base our estimates on historical experience and other assumptions that we believe to be proper and reasonable under the circumstances. We continually evaluate the appropriateness of estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The accounting policies that reflect our more significant estimates, judgments and assumptions and which we believe are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating our reported financial results include the following:

- Revenue Recognition
- Allowance for Doubtful Accounts
- Intangible Assets and Goodwill
- Stock-Based Compensation
- Accounting for Income Taxes

During the six months ended June 30, 2012, there were no significant changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates. Please refer to Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in Part II, Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, filed on February 22, 2012, for a more complete discussion of our critical accounting policies and estimates.

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes to our market risk for the six months ended June 30, 2012. We conduct business in all parts of the world and are thereby exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. The U.S. dollar is the single largest currency in which our revenue contracts are denominated. Thus, any decline in the value of local foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar results in our products and services being more expensive to a potential foreign customer, and in those instances where our goods and services have already been sold, may result in the receivables being more difficult to collect. Additionally, any decline in the value of the U.S. dollar in jurisdictions where the revenue contracts are denominated in U.S. dollars and operating expenses are incurred in local currency will have an unfavorable impact to operating margins. We at times enter into revenue contracts that are denominated in the country's local currency, principally in South Africa, Australia, Canada, the United Kingdom and other European countries. This practice serves as a natural hedge to finance the local currency expenses incurred in those locations. We have not entered into any foreign currency hedging transactions. We do not purchase or hold any derivative financial instruments for the purpose of speculation or arbitrage.

The primary objective of our cash investment policy is to preserve principal without significantly increasing risk. Based on our cash investments and interest rates on these investments at June 30, 2012, and if we maintained this level of similar cash investments for a period of one year, a hypothetical 10 percent increase or decrease in effective interest rates would increase or decrease interest income by less than \$0.1 million annually.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, under the supervision of and with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, performed an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as of the end of the period covered by this report, June 30, 2012. Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of June 30, 2012.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

On February 13, 2012, the Company completed its acquisition of S1 Corporation ("S1"). The Company considers the transaction material to its results of operations, cash flows and financial position from the date of the acquisition through June 30, 2012 and believes the internal controls and procedures of S1 will have a material effect on the Company's internal control over financial reporting. See Note 2 "Acquisitions" to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 1 for discussion of the acquisition and related financial data.

The Company is currently in the process of integrating S1 operations. The Company anticipates a successful integration of operations and internal controls over financial reporting. Management will continue to evaluate its internal control over financial reporting as it executes integration activities.

On April 1, 2012, the Company provided notice of termination for the Master Services Agreement with International Business Machines ("IBM") to outsource our internal information technology environment. The effective date of the termination is January 31, 2013. The Company is in the process of transitioning controls related to global corporate infrastructure services including management of ACI's servers, storage, security platforms, data networks and end-user support services. The Company anticipates a successful transition of operations and internal controls over financial reporting. Management will continue to evaluate its internal control over financial reporting as it executes these transition activities.

Our management, under the supervision of and with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer evaluated any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter covered by this report and determined that except for the acquisition of S1 and the termination of the IBM agreement, there were no other changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter covered by this report that have materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we are involved in various litigation matters arising in the ordinary course of our business. We are not currently a party to any legal proceedings, the adverse outcome of which, individually or in the aggregate, we believe would be likely to have a material effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in Item 1A of our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011. Additional risks and uncertainties, including risks and uncertainties not presently known to us, or that we currently deem immaterial, could also have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and/or results of operations.

Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table provides information regarding the Company's repurchases of its common stock during the three months ended June 30, 2012:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Paid per		Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Program
April 1 through April 30, 2012	21,956 (1)	\$ 3	38.05	21,700 (2)	\$ 67,954,000
May 1 through May 31, 2012	859,859	Э	39.54	859,859 (2)	\$ 33,956,000
June 1 through June 30, 2012	82,947 (1)	З	37.58	80,133 (2)	\$ 30,956,000
Total	964,762	\$3	39.34	961,692	

(1) Pursuant to our 2005 Incentive Plan, we granted restricted share awards ("RSAs"). These awards have requisite service periods of either three or four years and vest in increments of either 33% or 25% on the anniversary dates of the grants. Under each arrangement, stock is issued without direct cost to the employee. During the three months ended June 30, 2012, 10,221 shares of the RSAs vested. We withheld 3,070 of those shares to pay the employees' portion of applicable payroll taxes.

(2) In February 2012, our board of directors approved an increase of \$52.1 million to their current stock repurchase authorization, bringing the total remaining dollar amount authorized to \$75 million. Subsequent to the increase, we repurchased 1,125,792 shares for \$44.1 million, leaving the remaining dollar value of shares to be repurchased at \$31.0 million.

In fiscal 2005, we announced that our board of directors approved a stock repurchase program authorizing us, from time to time as market and business conditions warrant, to acquire up to \$80 million of our common stock, and that we intend to use existing cash and cash equivalents to fund these repurchases. In May 2006, our board of directors approved an increase of \$30 million to the stock repurchase program, bringing the total of the approved program to \$110 million. In March 2007, our board of directors approved an increase of \$100 million to its current repurchase authorization, bringing the total authorization to \$210 million. In February 2012, our board of directors approved an increase of \$52.1 million to its current stock repurchase authorization, bringing the total authorization to \$262.1 million, of which approximately \$31.0 million remains available. There is no guarantee as to the exact number of shares that will be repurchased by us. Repurchased shares are returned to the status of authorized but unissued shares of common stock. In March 2005, our board of directors approved a to facilitate the repurchase of shares of common stock under the existing stock repurchase program. Under our Rule 10b5-1 plan, we have delegated authority over the timing and amount of repurchases to an independent broker who does not have access to inside information about the Company. Rule 10b5-1 allows us, through the independent broker, to purchase shares at times when we ordinarily would not be in the market because of self-imposed trading blackout periods, such as the time immediately preceding the end of the fiscal quarter through a period three business days following our quarterly earnings release.

Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable.

Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

Item 6. EXHIBITS

The following lists exhibits filed as part of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q:

Exhibit No.	Description
3.01 (1)	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, and amendments thereto
3.02 (2)	Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company
4.01 (3)	Form of Common Stock Certificate
10.08 (4)	ACI Worldwide, Inc. 2005 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan, as amended
10.26	Form of Restricted Share Award Agreement for the Company's 2005 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan, as amended
31.01	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to SEC Rule 13a-14, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.02	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to SEC Rule 13a-14, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.01 *	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.02 *	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS **	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH **	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL **	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.LAB **	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
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* This certification is not deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section. Such certification will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except to the extent that the Company specifically incorporates it by reference.

** Furnished, not filed

(1) Incorporated herein by reference to registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed July 30, 2007.

(2) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed December 18, 2008.

(3) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.01 to the registrant's Registration Statement No. 33-88292 on Form S-1.

(4) Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.08 to the registrant's current report on Form 8-K filed June 19, 2012.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 6, 2012

ACI WORLDWIDE, INC. (Registrant)

By: /s/ Scott W. Behrens

Scott W. Behrens Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

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RESTRICTED SHARE AWARD AGREEMENT

THIS RESTRICTED SHARE AWARD AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") is made and entered into as of the day of , 20 (the "Grant Date"), between ACI Worldwide, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Corporation"), and (the "Grantee"). Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning ascribed to such terms in the ACI Worldwide, Inc. 2005 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan, as amended.

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of the Corporation has duly adopted, and the stockholders of the Corporation have approved, the 2005 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan, as amended (the "Plan"), which authorizes the Corporation to grant to eligible individuals restricted shares of the Corporation's common stock, par value of \$0.005 per share (the "Common Shares"); and

WHEREAS, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of the Corporation (the "Committee") has determined that it is desirable and in the best interests of the Corporation and its stockholders to grant the Grantee a certain number of restricted shares of the Corporation's Common Shares in order to provide the Grantee with an incentive to advance the interests of the Corporation, all according to the terms and conditions set forth herein and in the Plan.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants hereinafter set forth and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto, intending to be legally bound hereby, agree as follows:

1. Grant of Restricted Shares.

(a) The Corporation hereby grants to the Grantee an award (the "Award") of Common Shares (the "Shares" or the "Restricted Shares") on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement and as otherwise provided in the Plan.

(b) The Grantee's rights with respect to the Award shall remain forfeitable at all times prior to the dates on which the restrictions shall lapse in accordance with Sections 2 and 3 hereof.

2. Terms and Rights as a Stockholder.

(a) Except as provided herein and subject to such other exceptions as may be determined by the Committee in its discretion, the Restricted Shares shall vest and the "Restricted Period" for such Restricted Shares shall expire as to Restricted Shares (%) awarded hereunder on the first anniversary of the Grant Date and as to Restricted Shares (%) on each of the second, third and fourth anniversaries of the Grant Date (in each case as such number may be adjusted in accordance with Section 8 hereof).

(b) The Grantee shall have all rights of a stockholder with respect to the Restricted Shares, including the right to receive dividends and the right to vote such Shares, subject to the following restrictions:

- (i) the Grantee shall not be entitled to delivery of any Shares until the expiration of the Restricted Period as to such Shares;
- (ii) none of the Restricted Shares may be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise encumbered or disposed of during the Restricted Period as to such Shares; and

(iii) except as otherwise determined by the Committee at or after the grant of the Award hereunder, if the Grantee's employment with the Corporation or any Subsidiary is terminated at any time for any reason, any of the Restricted Shares as to which the Restricted Period has not expired shall be forfeited, and all rights of the Grantee to such Shares shall terminate, without further obligation on the part of the Corporation and ownership of all such forfeited Restricted Shares shall be transferred back to the Corporation.

Any Shares, any other securities of the Corporation and any other property (except for cash dividends) distributed with respect to the Restricted Shares shall be subject to the same restrictions, terms and conditions as such Restricted Shares.

In order to facilitate the transfer back to the Corporation of any Restricted Shares that are forfeited and cancelled as described herein, including a transfer as payment of required withholding taxes as set forth in Section 10 of this Agreement or pursuant to Section 6 below, Grantee shall, upon the request of the Corporation, provide a stock power or other instrument of assignment (including a power of attorney) endorsed in blank, with a guarantee of signature if deemed necessary or appropriate by the Corporation.

(c) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Restricted Shares shall vest and the Restricted Period shall automatically terminate as to all Restricted Shares awarded hereunder (as to which such Restricted Period has not previously terminated) upon the termination of the Grantee's employment with the Corporation or a Subsidiary which results from the Grantee's death or Disability (as defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Code).

3. Termination of Restrictions.

(a) Upon the expiration or termination of the Restricted Period as to any portion of the Restricted Shares, or at such earlier time as may be determined by the Committee, all restrictions set forth in this Agreement or in the Plan relating to such portion of the Restricted Shares shall lapse as to such portion of the Restricted Shares, and the appropriate number of Shares, free of the restrictions and restrictive stock legend or notation, as applicable, shall be delivered to the Grantee or the Grantee's beneficiary or estate, as the case may be, pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the expiration or termination of the Restricted Period as to any portion of Restricted Shares shall be delayed in the event the Corporation reasonably anticipates that the expiration or termination of the Restricted Period, or the delivery of unrestricted Shares would constitute a violation of federal securities laws or other applicable law. If the expiration or termination of the Restricted Period, or the delivery of unrestricted Shares shall be delayed by the provisions of this Section 3(b), such expiration, termination and/or delivery shall occur at the earliest date at which the Corporation reasonably anticipates such expiration, termination or delivery will not cause a violation of federal securities laws or other applicable law. For purposes of this Section 3(b), the delivery of Shares that would cause inclusion in gross income or the application of any penalty provision or other provision of the Code is not considered a violation of applicable law.

4. Delivery of Shares.

(a) As of the date hereof, the Restricted Shares shall be registered in the name of the Grantee and held by the Corporation or transferred to a custodian appointed by the Corporation for the account of the Grantee subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and shall remain in the custody of the Corporation or such custodian until their delivery to the Grantee or Grantee's beneficiary or estate as set forth in Sections 4(b) and (c) hereof or their reversion to the Corporation as set forth in Sections 2(b) and 6 hereof.

(b) The Restricted Shares in respect of which the Restricted Period has lapsed pursuant to this Agreement shall be delivered to the Grantee as soon as practicable following the date on which the restrictions on such Restricted Shares lapse subject to Section 10 below. The Corporation shall issue the Restricted Shares either (i) in certificate form or (ii) in book entry form, registered in the name of the Grantee, with legends, or notations, as applicable, referring to the terms, conditions and restrictions applicable to the Award.

(c) Restricted Shares in respect of which the Restricted Period lapsed upon the Grantee's death shall be delivered to the executors or administrators of the Grantee's estate in the manner described in Section 4(b) as soon as practicable following the receipt of proof of the Grantee's death satisfactory to the Corporation subject to Section 10 below.

(d) Any certificate issued representing Restricted Shares shall bear a legend in substantially the following form:

THIS CERTIFICATE AND THE SHARES OF STOCK REPRESENTED HEREBY ARE SUBJECT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS (INCLUDING FORFEITURE AND RESTRICTIONS AGAINST TRANSFER) CONTAINED IN THE ACI WORLDWIDE, INC. 2005 EQUITY AND PERFORMANCE INCENTIVE PLAN (THE "PLAN") AND THE RESTRICTED SHARE AWARD AGREEMENT (THE "AGREEMENT") BETWEEN THE OWNER OF THE RESTRICTED SHARES REPRESENTED HEREBY AND ACI WORLDWIDE, INC. (THE "CORPORATION"). THE RELEASE OF SUCH SHARES FROM SUCH TERMS AND CONDITIONS SHALL BE MADE ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE PLAN AND THE AGREEMENT, COPIES OF WHICH ARE ON FILE AT THE CORPORATION.

5. <u>Effect of Lapse of Restrictions</u>. To the extent that the Restricted Period applicable to any Restricted Shares shall have lapsed, the Grantee may receive, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of such Shares free and clear of the restrictions imposed under the Plan and this Agreement subject to the rights of the Corporation for recoupment set forth in Section 6 below.

6. Forfeiture and Right of Recoupment. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, by accepting this Award, Grantee understands and agrees that if (a) the Corporation is required to restate its consolidated financial statements because of material noncompliance due to irregularities with the federal securities laws, which restatement is due, in whole or in part, to the misconduct of Grantee, or (b) it is determined that the Grantee has otherwise engaged in misconduct (whether or not such misconduct is discovered by the Corporation prior to the termination of Grantee's employment), the Board of Directors or a committee thereof (in each case, the "Board") may take such action with respect to the Award as the Board, in its sole discretion, deems necessary or appropriate and in the best interest of the Corporation and its stockholders. Such action may include, without limitation, causing the forfeiture of unvested Restricted Shares, requiring the transfer of ownership back to the Corporation of unrestricted Shares issued hereunder and still held by the Grantee and the recoupment of any proceeds from the vesting of Restricted Shares or the sale of unrestricted Shares issued pursuant to this Agreement. For purposes of this Section 6, "misconduct" shall mean a deliberate act or acts of dishonesty or misconduct which either (i) were intended to result in substantial personal enrichment to the Grantee's misconduct, shall be made by the Board in its sole discretion. Notwithstanding any provisions herein to the contrary, Grantee expressly acknowledges and agrees that the rights of the Board set forth in this Section 6 shall continue after Grantee's employment with the Corporation or its Subsidiary is terminated, whether termination is voluntary or involuntary, with or without cause, and shall be in addition to every other right or remedy at law or in equity that may otherwise be available to the Corporation.

7. <u>No Right to Continued Employment</u>. The grant of the Restricted Shares is discretionary and shall not be construed as giving Grantee the right to be retained in the employ of the Corporation or any Subsidiary and shall not be considered to be an employment contract or a part of the Grantee's terms and conditions of employment or of the Grantee's salary or compensation and the Corporation or any Subsidiary may at any time dismiss Grantee from employment, free from any liability or any claim under the Plan.

8. <u>Adjustments</u>. In the event of any change in the number of Shares by reason of a merger, consolidation, reorganization, recapitalization, or similar transaction, or in the event of a stock dividend, stock split, or distribution to stockholders (other than normal cash dividends), the Committee shall adjust the number and class of shares subject to outstanding Restricted Shares and other value determinations applicable to outstanding Restricted Shares. No adjustment provided for in this Section 8 shall require the Corporation to issue any fractional share.

9. <u>Amendments</u>. Subject to any restrictions contained in the Plan, the Committee may waive any conditions or rights under, amend any terms of, or alter, suspend, discontinue, cancel or terminate, the Award, prospectively or retroactively; provided that any such waiver, amendment, alteration, suspension, discontinuance, cancellation or termination which would adversely affect the rights of the Grantee or any holder or beneficiary of the Award shall not to that extent be effective without the consent of the Grantee, holder or beneficiary affected. Any amendment to the Plan shall be deemed to be an amendment to this Agreement to the extent that the amendment is applicable hereto. The terms and conditions of this Agreement may not be modified, amended or waived, except by an instrument in writing signed by a duly authorized executive officer at the Corporation.

10. Withholding of Taxes.

(a) The Grantee shall be liable for any and all taxes, including withholding taxes, arising out of this grant or the vesting of Restricted Shares hereunder. In the event that the Corporation or the Grantee's employer (the "Employer") is required to withhold taxes as a result of the grant or vesting or subsequent sale of Shares hereunder, the Grantee shall at the election of the Corporation, in its sole discretion, either (i) surrender a sufficient number of whole Shares for which the Restricted Period has expired or other Common Shares owned by the Grantee, having a fair market value, as determined by the Corporation on the last day of the Restricted Period equal to the amount of such taxes, or (ii) make a cash payment, as necessary to cover all applicable required withholding taxes and required social security/insurance contributions at the time the restrictions on the Restricted Shares lapse, unless the Corporation, in its sole discretion, has established alternative procedures for such payment. If the number of shares required to cover all applicable withholding taxes and required social security/insurance contributions includes a fractional share, then Grantee shall deliver cash in lieu of such fractional share. All matters with respect to the total amount to be withheld shall be determined by the Corporation in its sole discretion.

(b) Regardless of any action the Corporation or the Grantee's Employer takes with respect to any or all income tax, social security/insurance, payroll tax, payment on account or other tax-related withholding ("Tax-Related Items"), the Grantee acknowledges and agrees that the ultimate liability for all Tax-Related Items legally due by him is and remains the Grantee's responsibility and that the Corporation and or the Employer (i) make no representations nor undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of this grant of Restricted Shares, including the grant, vesting or release, the subsequent sale of Shares and receipt of any dividends; and (ii) do not commit to structure the terms or any aspect of this grant of Restricted Shares to reduce or eliminate the Grantee's liability for Tax-Related Items. The Grantee shall pay the Corporation or the Employer any amount of Tax-Related Items that the Corporation or the Employer may be required to withhold as a result of the Grantee's participation in the Plan or the Grantee's receipt of Restricted Shares that cannot be satisfied by the means previously described above in Section 10(a). The Corporation may refuse to deliver the Shares related thereto if the Grantee fails to comply with the Grantee's obligations in connection with the Tax-Related Items.

(c) Grantee will notify the Corporation in writing if he or she files an election pursuant to Section 83(b) of the Code. The Grantee understands that he or she should consult with his or her tax advisor regarding the advisability of filing with the Internal Revenue Service an election under 83(b) of the Code, which must be filed no later than thirty (30) days after the date of the acquisition of the Shares pursuant to this Agreement, the Grant Date. This time period cannot be extended. The Grantee acknowledges that timely filing of a Section 83(b) election is the Grantee's sole responsibility.

11. <u>Plan Governs and Entire Agreement</u>. The Plan is incorporated herein by reference. The Grantee hereby acknowledges receipt of a copy of the Plan and agrees to be bound by all of the terms and provisions thereof. The Plan and this Agreement constitute the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof. The terms of this Agreement are subject to, and governed by, in all respects the terms and conditions of the Plan, and in the case of any inconsistency between the terms of this Agreement and the terms of the Plan, the terms of the Plan shall govern.

12. <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of this Agreement is, or becomes, or is deemed to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any jurisdiction or as to any person or the Award, or would disqualify the Plan or Award under any laws deemed applicable by the Committee, such provision shall be construed or deemed amended to conform to the applicable laws, or, if it cannot be construed or deemed amended without, in the determination of the Committee, materially altering the intent of the Plan or the Award, such provision shall be stricken as to such jurisdiction, person or Award, and the remainder of the Plan and Award shall remain in full force and effect.

13. <u>Successors in Interest</u>. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon any successor to the Corporation. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of the Grantee's legal representatives. All obligations imposed upon the Grantee and all rights granted to the Corporation under this Agreement shall be binding upon the Grantee's heirs, executors, administrators and successors.

14. <u>Non-Assignability</u>. The Restricted Shares are personal to the Grantee and may not be sold, exchanged, assigned, transferred, pledged, encumbered or otherwise disposed of by the Grantee until the Restricted Period expires or terminates as provided in this Agreement; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the Grantee's rights with respect to such Restricted Shares may be transferred by will or pursuant to the laws of descent and distribution. Any purported transfer or encumbrance in violation of the provisions of this Section 14, shall be void, and the other party to any such purported transaction shall not obtain any rights to or interest in such Restricted Shares.

15. <u>**Compliance with Section 409A of the Code**</u>. To the extent applicable, it is intended that this Agreement and the Plan comply with the provisions of Section 409A of the Code, so that the income inclusion provisions of Section 409A(a)(1) of the Code do not apply to the Grantee.

16. Miscellaneous.

(a) The interpretation and construction by the Board of Directors and/or the Committee of any provision of the Plan or this Agreement shall be final and conclusive upon the Grantee, the Grantee's estate, executor, administrator, beneficiaries, personal representative and guardian and the Corporation and its successors and assigns.

(b) This Agreement and its validity, interpretation, performance and enforcement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware other than the conflict of laws provisions of such laws.

(c) If the Grantee has received this or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English and if the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control.

(d) No rule of strict construction shall be implied against the Corporation, the Committee or any other person in the interpretation of any of the terms of the Plan, this Agreement or any rule or procedure established by the Committee.

(e) Wherever the word "Grantee" is used in any provision of this Agreement under circumstances where the provision should logically be construed to apply to the executors, the administrators, or the person or persons to whom the Restricted Shares may be transferred by will or the laws of descent and distribution, the word "Grantee" shall be deemed to include such person or persons.

(f) Grantee agrees, upon demand of the Corporation or the Committee, to do all acts and execute, deliver and perform all additional documents, instruments and agreements which may be reasonably required by the Corporation or the Committee, as the case may be, to implement the provisions and purposes of this Agreement and the Plan.

(g) All notices under this Agreement to the Corporation must be delivered personally or mailed to the Corporation at its principal office, addressed to the attention of Stock Plan Administration. The Corporation's address may be changed at any time by written notice of such change to the Grantee. Also, all notices under this Agreement to the Grantee will be delivered personally or mailed to the Grantee at his or her address as shown from time to time in the Corporation's records.

17. <u>Resolution of Disputes</u>. Any dispute or disagreement which may arise under, or as a result of, or in any way related to, the interpretation, construction or application of this Agreement shall be determined by the Committee. Any determination made hereunder shall be final, binding and conclusive on the Grantee and the Corporation for all purposes.

18. <u>Consent To Transfer Personal Data</u>. By accepting this Award, Grantee voluntarily acknowledges and consents to the collection, use, processing and transfer of personal data as described in this Section 18. Grantee is not obliged to consent to such collection, use, processing and transfer of personal data. However, failure to provide the consent may affect Grantee's ability to participate in the Plan. The Corporation and its Subsidiaries hold certain personal information about Grantee, that may include Grantee's name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social security number or other employee identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock held in the Corporation, or details of any entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, purchased, vested, or unvested, for the purpose of implementing, managing and administering the Plan ("Data") The Corporation and/or its Subsidiaries will transfer Data amongst themselves as necessary for the purpose of implementation, administration and management of Grantee's participation in the Plan, and the Corporation and/or any of its Subsidiaries may each further transfer Data to any third parties assisting the Corporation in the implementation, administration and management of the Plan. These recipients may be located throughout the world, including the United States. Grantee authorizes them to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing Grantee's participation in the Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data as may be required for the administration of the Plan and/or the subsequent holding of shares of stock on Grantee's behalf by a broker or other third party with whom Grantee or the Corporation may elect to deposit any shares of stock acquired pursuant to the Plan. Grantee may, at any time, review Data, require any necessary amendments to it or withdraw the consents herein in writing by contacting the Corporation; however

[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]

SIGNATURE PAGE

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have duly executed this Restricted Share Award Agreement, or caused this Restricted Share Award Agreement to be duly executed on their behalf, as of the day and year first above written.

ACI	Worldwide, Inc.	
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By:

Grantee:

By:	
	<name></name>

Philip G. Heasley, CEO and President

ADDRESS FOR NOTICE TO GRANTEE:

Number	Street	Apt.
City	State Zi	p Code
SS#	Hire Date	

After completing this page, please make a copy for your records and return it to Stock Plan Administration, ACI Worldwide, Inc. 6060 Coventry Drive, Elkhorn, NE 68022

2005 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan, as amended – US Plan

Restricted Shares

<Date>

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, Philip G. Heasley, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of ACI Worldwide, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonable likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 6, 2012

/s/ PHILIP G. HEASLEY

Philip G. Heasley President, Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, Scott W. Behrens, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of ACI Worldwide, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonable likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 6, 2012

/s/ Scott W. Behrens

Scott W. Behrens Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of ACI Worldwide, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2012 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Philip G. Heasley, Principal Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 6, 2012

/s/ PHILIP G. HEASLEY Philip G. Heasley

President, Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of ACI Worldwide, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2012 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Scott W. Behrens, Principal Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 6, 2012

/s/ Scott W. Behrens

Scott W. Behrens Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Financial Officer)