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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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**FORM 8-K**

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**CURRENT REPORT**  
**Pursuant To Section 13 or 15(d)**  
**of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

**Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): December 2, 2015 (December 2, 2015)**

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**ACI WORLDWIDE, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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**Delaware**  
(State or other jurisdiction  
of incorporation)

**0-25346**  
(Commission  
File Number)

**47-0772104**  
(IRS Employer  
Identification No.)

**3520 Kraft Rd, Suite 300**  
**Naples, FL 34105**  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

**Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (239) 403-4600**  
(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

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Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
  - Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
  - Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
  - Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))
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**Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure**

On December 2, 2015, ACI Worldwide, Inc. posted investor relations materials on its website ([www.aciworldwide.com](http://www.aciworldwide.com)) to be used in connection with investor conferences. A copy of the presentation materials is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated by reference into this Item 7.01. The foregoing information (including the exhibits hereto) is being furnished under "Item 7.01- Regulation FD Disclosure." Such information (including the exhibits hereto) shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

The filing of this report and the furnishing of this information pursuant to Item 7.01 do not mean that such information is material or that disclosure of such information is required.

**Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.**

99.1 Investor Presentation Materials dated December 2, 2015

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

ACI WORLDWIDE, INC.

/s/ Scott W. Behrens

Scott W. Behrens, Senior  
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Chief  
Accounting Officer

Date: December 2, 2015

**EXHIBIT INDEX**

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
99.1	Investor Presentation Materials dated December 2, 2015



**ACI Worldwide (ACIW)**

**BofAML Leveraged Finance Conference  
December 2, 2015**

# Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 Safe Harbor For Forward-Looking Statements

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This presentation contains forward-looking statements based on current expectations that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. The forward-looking statements are made pursuant to safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. A discussion of these forward-looking statements and risk factors that may affect them is set forth at the end of this presentation. The Company assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement in this presentation, except as required by law.

# About ACI Worldwide

*Founded in 1975, ACI is a leading provider of software products and SaaS-based solutions focused on facilitating real-time electronic and ecommerce payments for financial institutions, retailers, processors and billers worldwide*

- High quality products and services drive strong renewal rates on a large installed user base of over 5,600 customers
- Long-term, blue-chip, geographically diverse customer base with low customer concentration
- Subscription-based model drives recurring revenue and provides stability and predictability to our operations
- Large contractual backlog provides earnings visibility and allows our management to optimally manage the size and infrastructure of the business
- Leading payments transformation with Universal Payments (UP)
- Management team has an established track record of operational excellence and significant industry experience

9/30/15  
LTM Revenue<sup>(1)</sup>  
\$1,028 Million

9/30/15  
LTM Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(2)</sup>  
\$251 Million

9/30/15  
60-Month Backlog  
\$4.2 Billion

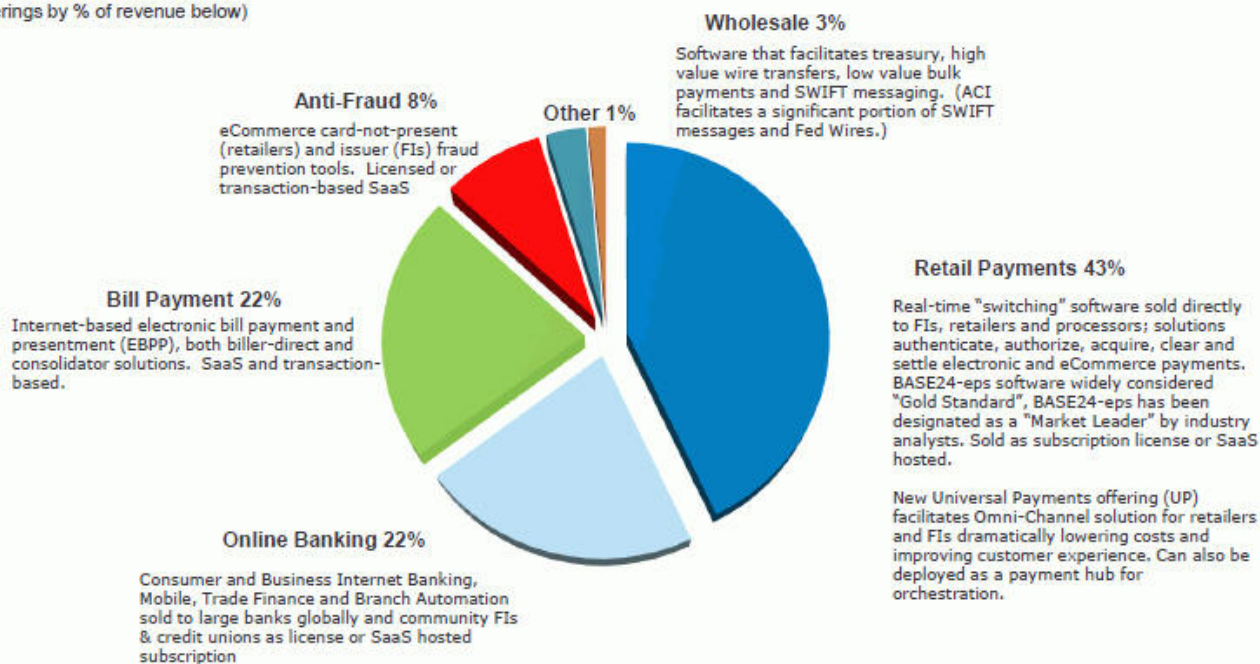
1-Revenue is presented on a Non-GAAP basis that adds back the Deferred Revenue Fair Value Adjustment.

2-Represents Adjusted EBITDA as reported by ACI in its disclosure of Non-GAAP financial measures (see appendix for reconciliation of GAAP Net Income to Adjusted EBITDA).

# ACI is a Leader in Payments Solutions

## Solutions Incorporate a Suite of Applications Subscription License or SaaS/Cloud Delivery

(offerings by % of revenue below)



Note: Revenue figures represent FY 2014 GAAP Revenue on a pro forma basis for the ReD and PAY.ON acquisitions.

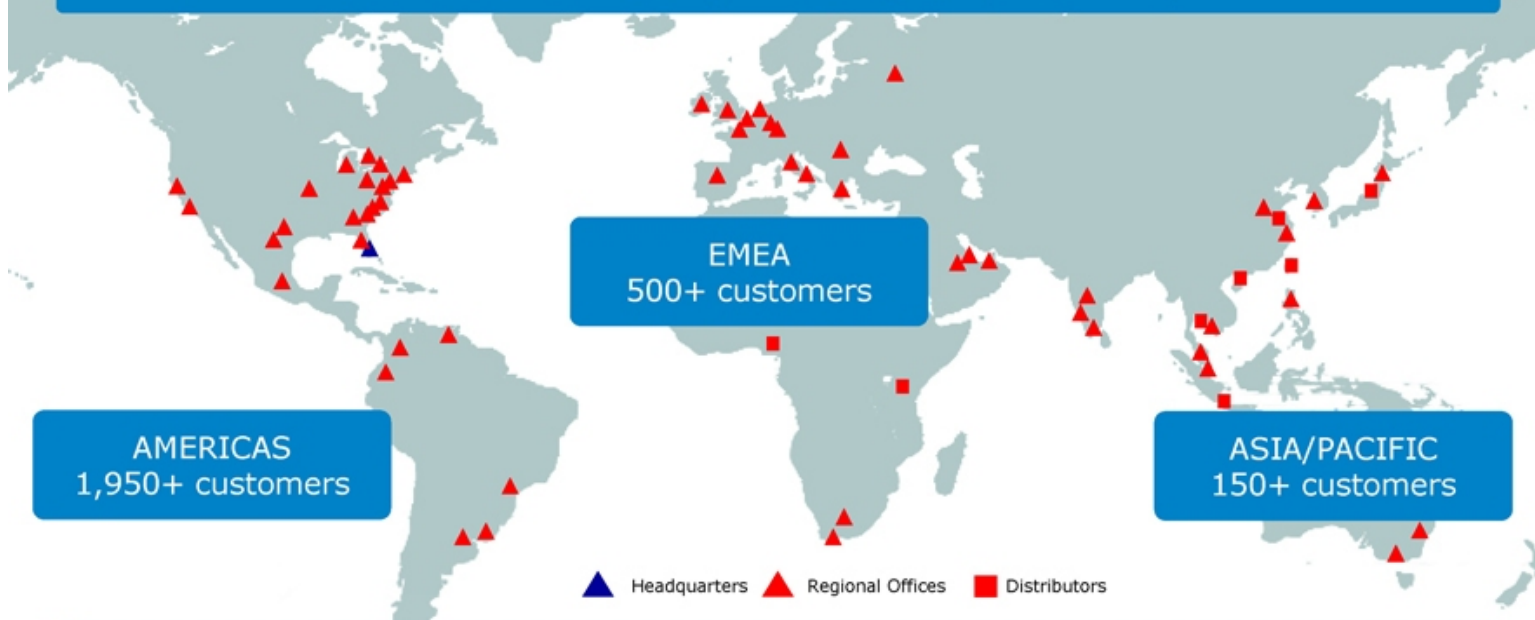


# Global Distribution and Customer Base

5,600+ customers in over 80 countries depend on ACI solutions

18 of the top 20 and 67 of the top 100 global banks use ACI for payment solutions

Customers: 3600+ US billers, ~180 processors globally and 300+ global retailers



~ 4,500 employees in 36 countries

# Diverse Customer Base of Top Global Banks, Processors, Billers and Retailers Provide Significant Cross Sell Opportunities



## FY 2014 Revenue by Customer

Customer # 1	2.3%
Customer # 2	2.3%
Customer # 3	1.6%
Customer # 4	0.8%
Customer # 5	0.8%
Customer # 6	0.8%
Customer # 7	0.8%
Customer # 8	0.8%
Customer # 9	0.7%
Customer # 10	0.7%
<b>Top 10 customers</b>	<b>11.5%</b>

No single customer represents more than 3% of consolidated revenue

On average, customers use 3 ACI products or less representing a large cross sell opportunity

# Delivering an Omni-channel Customer Experience



for one of the world's  
**largest banks**

## CHALLENGE

- Aspirations to be the primary bank of its customers held back by inconsistent experience caused by legacy technology
- Improve cross sell and retention rates

## BENEFITS

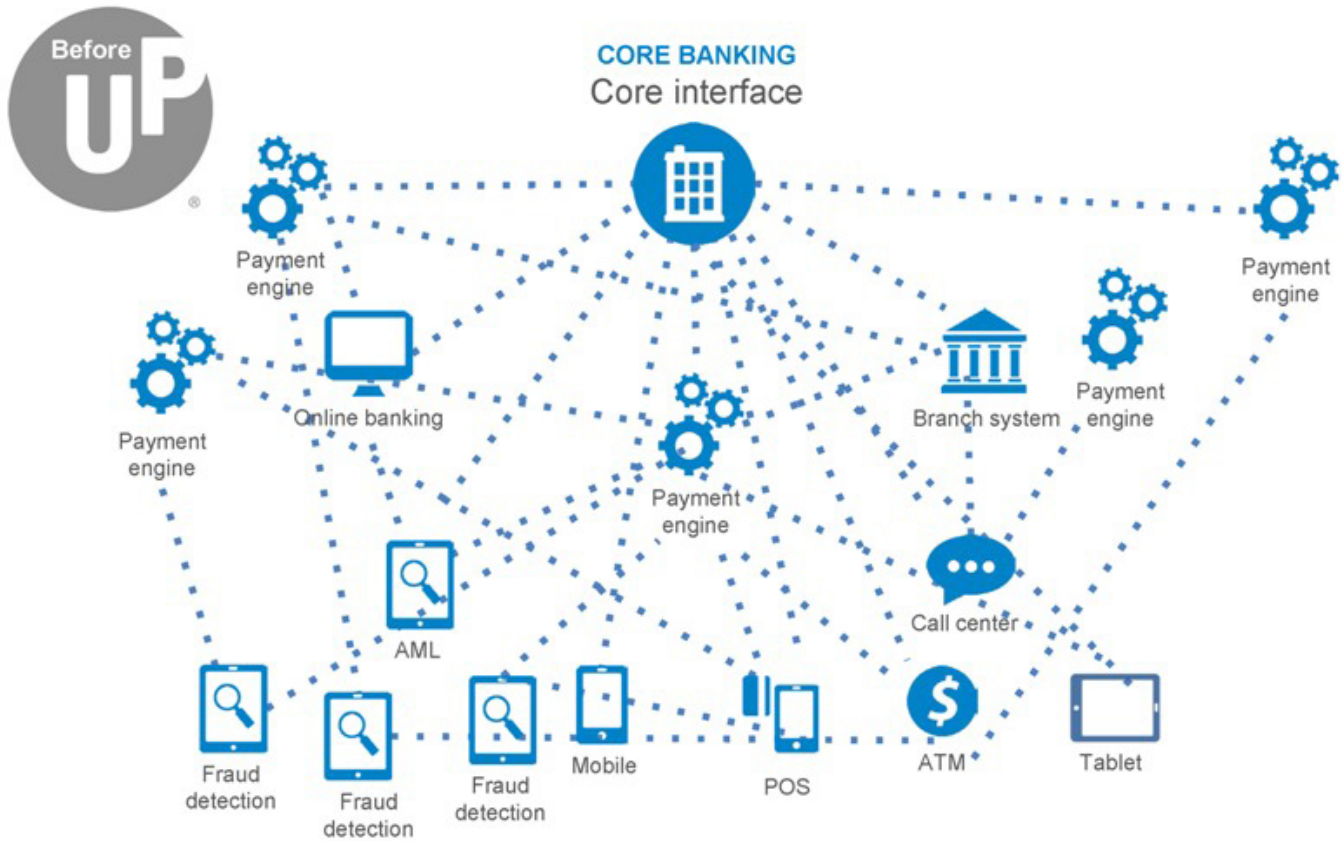
- Significant operating **cost improvements**
- **New channels** deployed in 4 months instead of 18, reducing deployment costs by 80%
- Payment analytics improves **cross sell and retention**
- **Consistent** payment experience



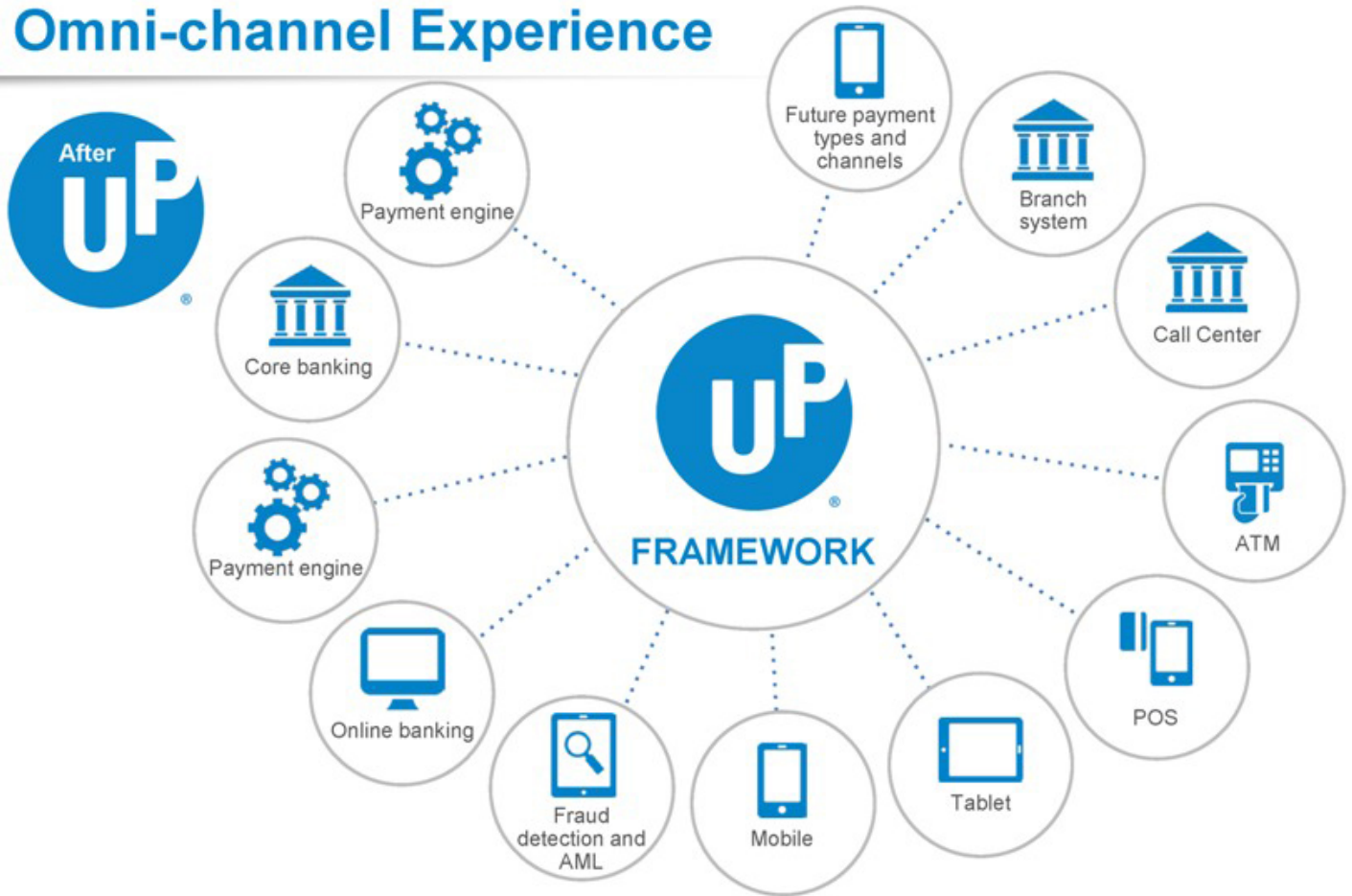
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# Complex Payments Environment Leads to Inconsistent Customer Experience



# Streamlined, Consistent Omni-channel Experience





# Acquisition of PAY.ON

Global Leader in eCommerce Gateway Services

## Transaction Details

- ~180 million (approximately \$198 million)
- 92% cash and 8% ACIW shares

## Leading eCommerce Payment Provider

- PAY.ON adds eCommerce payments gateway capabilities
- Global connectivity to more than 300 alternative payment methods and card acquirers in more than 160 countries
- Strengthens ACI's position as leader in omni-channel payments and enables ACI to support many more payment types for all its payment engines

## Large Market Opportunity

- Overall global eCommerce volume expected to grow 17% CAGR\*
- Cross border eCommerce volume expected to grow 18% CAGR\*

## Attractive Business Model

- 100% SaaS delivery; transaction based business model
- 100+ customers supporting ~90,000 web shops and ~8,600 merchants
- 2015 revenue expected to be \$15 million; growing 35%+ annually
- Processed Transaction Volume in excess of \$8 billion annually

\* Sources: Nilsen Research, PayPal, First Annapolis Consulting

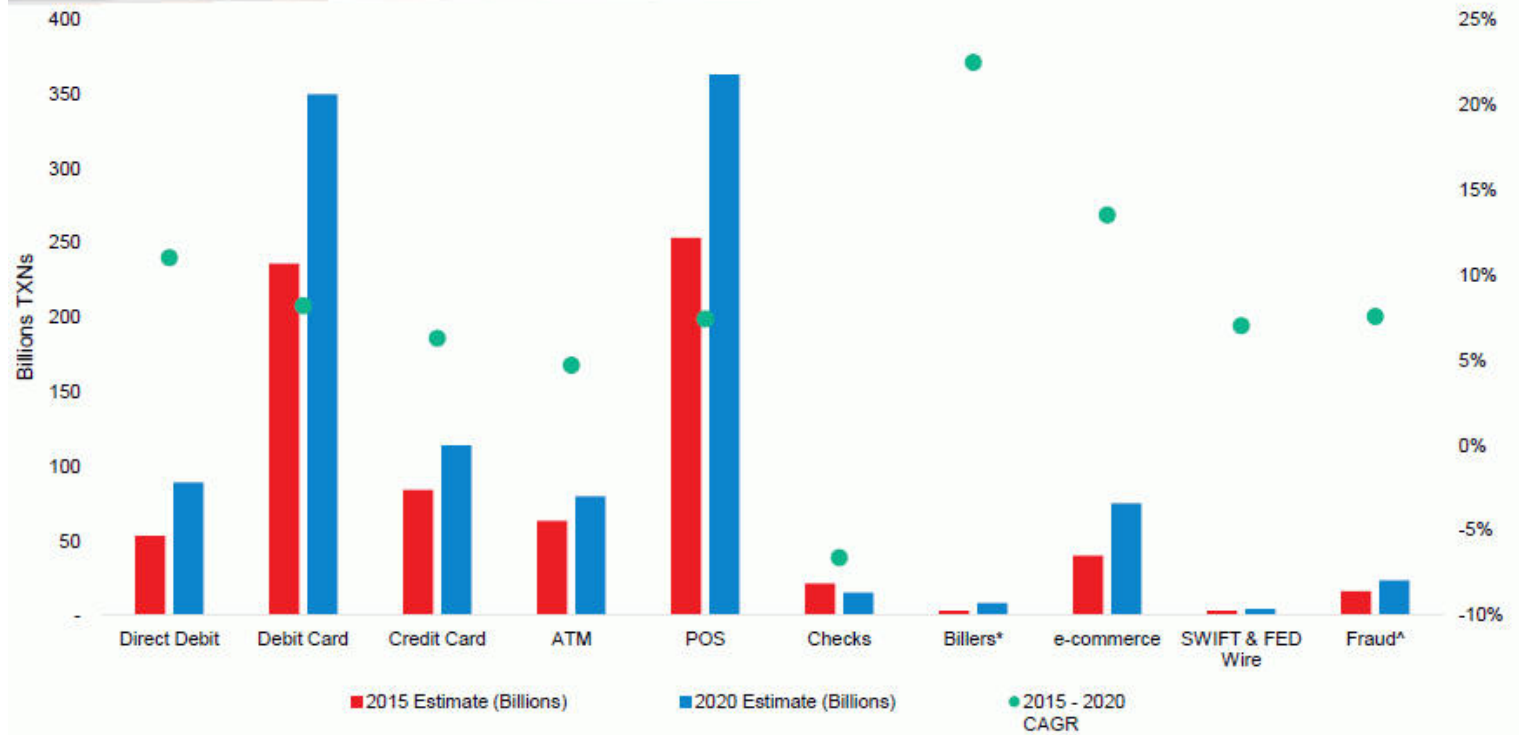


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# Payments Market Growing Fast

Estimated 2015 transaction volume and 2015-2020 CAGR



\*EBPP is US only (includes mobile)

\*Based on a global fraud rate of 5%

Sources: Aite Group, Federal Reserve System, Javelin, Mercator, Ovum, Payments Intelligence Center, Statista, SWIFT

# Favorable Industry and Customer Trends

## Market Sizing<sup>1</sup>

- Total addressable market is ~\$25bn in 2015 and growing mid to upper single digits, with highest growth coming from SaaS
- ~50% of addressable market are homegrown applications (ACI share <10%)
- eCommerce transaction growth expected to be 3-5x in-store transaction growth

## Industry Dynamics

- Shift from paper to electronic & eCommerce
- Shift from on-premise to SaaS
- Compounding cybersecurity and regulatory requirements
- Complexity from globalization
- Increasing fraud costs
- Global movement to real-time payments
- Legacy systems difficult to update
- Consumers expect an omni-channel banking and retail experience

## Customer Trends

- FIs & Retailers undergoing business transformation through:
- Driving down unit costs
  - Launching new products quicker
  - Reducing risks
  - Improving customer satisfaction/loyalty
  - Entering new markets
  - Introducing new business models for unbanked customers
  - Partnering with new entrants
  - Vendor Consolidation
  - Digitizing products and processes

<sup>1</sup> Source: Ovum, 2015 market study and ACI estimates

Attractive trends will drive growth opportunities for ACI



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# Strategy to Drive Superior Performance

## Continued Focus on Control, Profitability and Growth

### Growth Drivers

- Continue to increase recurring revenue base
- Expand customer relationships by cross-selling (on average customers use 3 ACI products or less)
- Lead payments transformation with Universal Payments delivering technology-enabled efficiencies
- Expand geographically

### Continuous Improvements to Drive Margin Expansion

- Expand margins through operating leverage and process-driven operating philosophy
- Realize cost synergies derived from acquisitions

### Disciplined Acquisition / Investment Strategy

- Buy, build or partner to fill-in product gaps or expand customer base
- Recent acquisitions have added product, scale and market breadth
  - ✓ Online Resources Corporation acquisition provided ACI with a full-service Bill Payment platform for Online Banking and Billers
  - ✓ Official Payments acquisition expanded ACIs' bill payment reach into key new verticals incl. Federal, State & Local government, taxes and higher education
  - ✓ Retail Decisions (ReD) acquisition enhanced ACI's leadership position in the eCommerce anti-fraud and payments risk management space
  - ✓ PAY.ON's eCommerce solutions strengthens ACI's position as leader in omni-channel payments and enables ACI to support many more payment types



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## FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

# High Quality Software Model Drives Superior Performance

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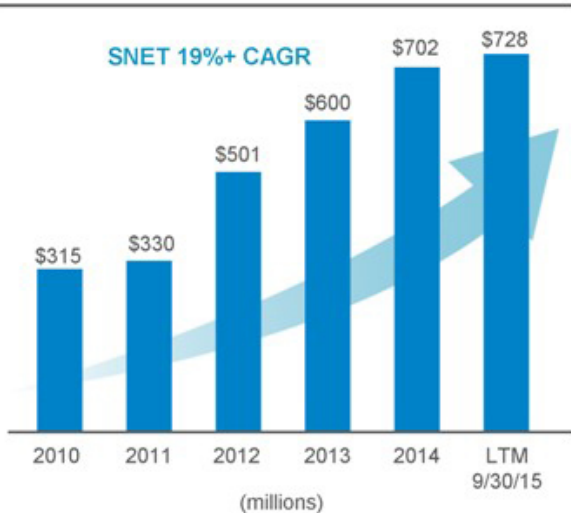
- Leading market position
- High retention and renewal rates
- Pricing power and large barriers to entry
- Significant recurring revenue
- Scalable model with improving margin
- Low cash investment required
- Strong cash flow and balance sheet
- Value enhancing capital allocation



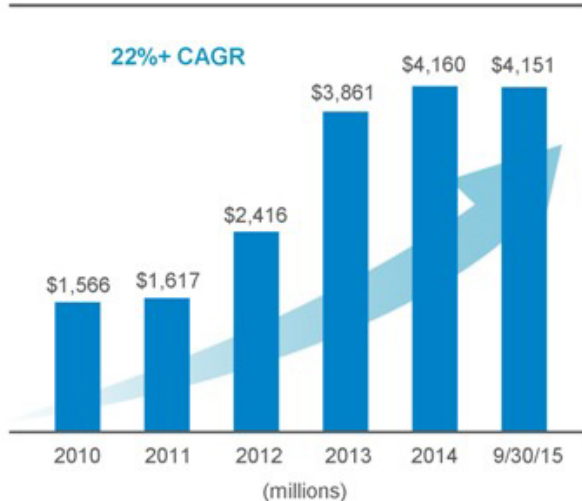
# Bookings Growth Leads to Large Backlog Provides Revenue and Earnings Visibility

Renewal rates across ACI products in the mid-high 90%  
>95% of our contracts are transaction-based

### NET NEW SALES BOOKINGS<sup>(1)</sup>



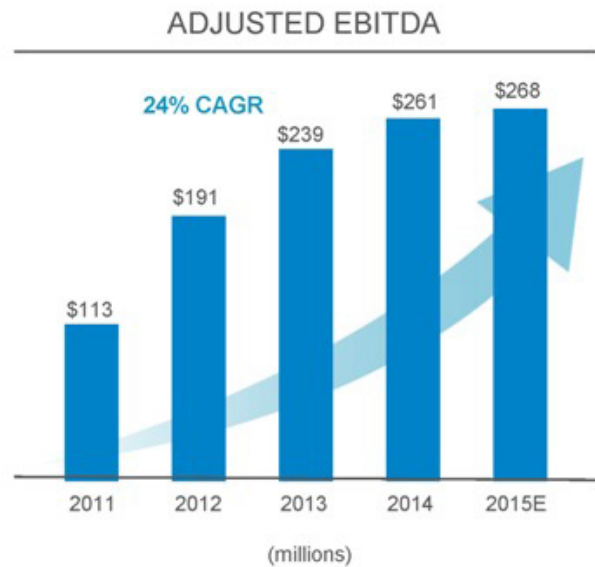
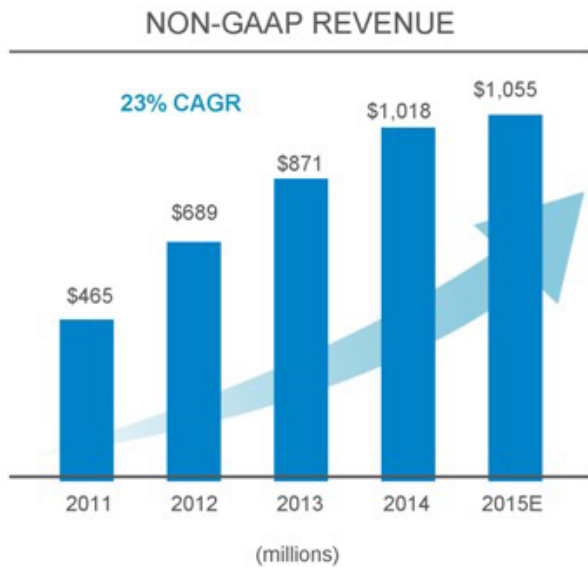
### HISTORICAL 60-MONTH BACKLOG



1 - Refers to new sales bookings, net of term extensions.

# ACI's Financial Summary, 2011 – 2015

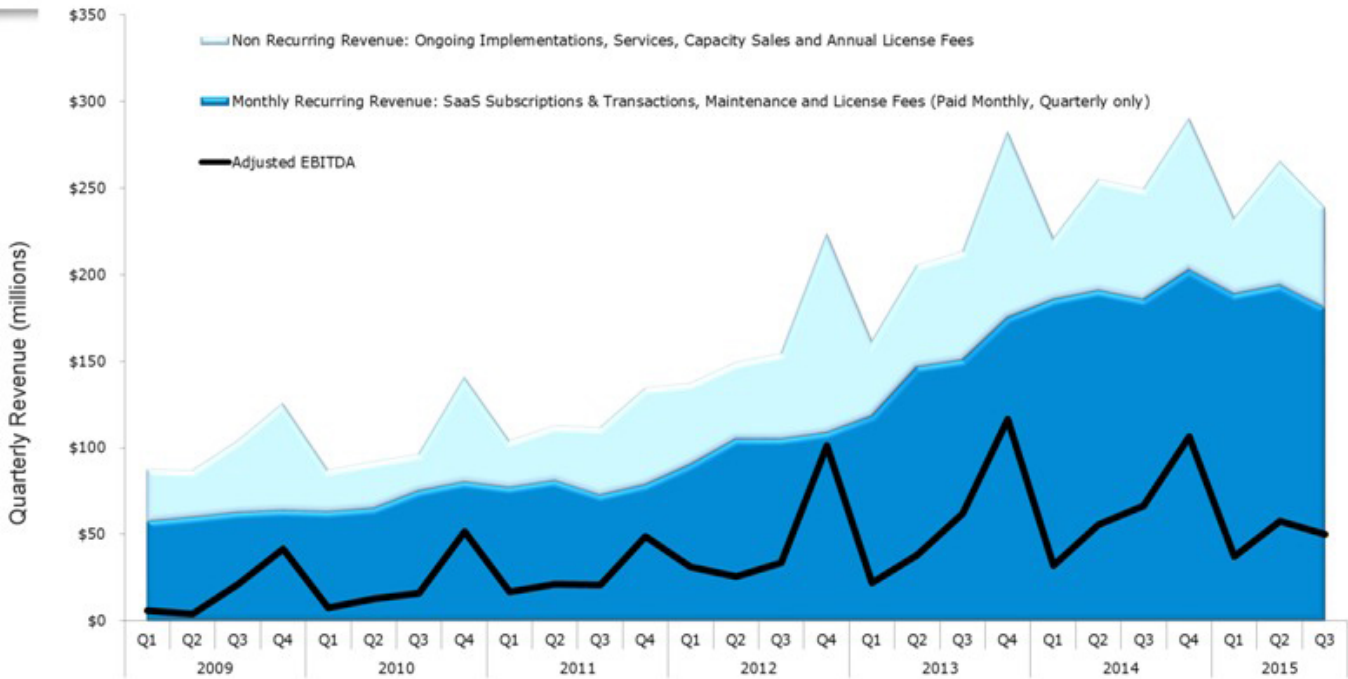
2014 revenue geographic mix: 69% Americas, 23% EMEA and 8% Asia/Pacific



Notes:

- 1- Represents Adjusted EBITDA as reported by ACI in its disclosure of Non-GAAP financial measures (see appendix for reconciliation of GAAP Net Income to Adjusted EBITDA).
- 2- 2015 numbers based on the mid-point of company guidance.

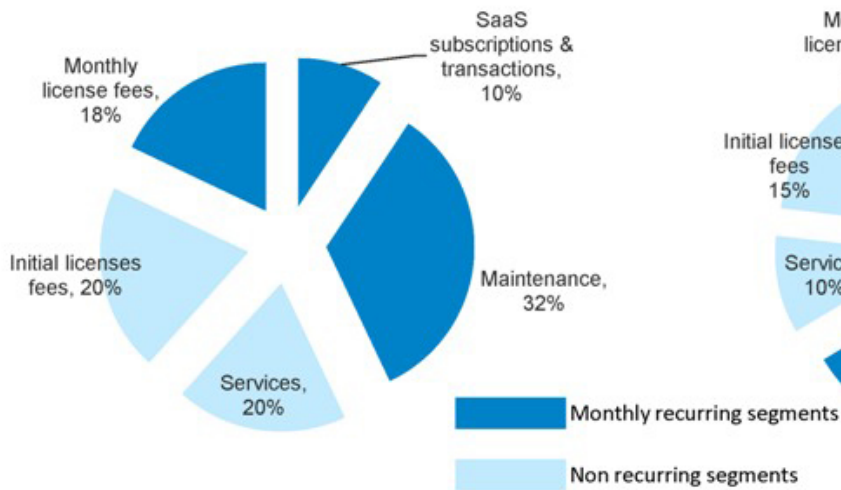
# Fixed Costs Provide Leverage in Model



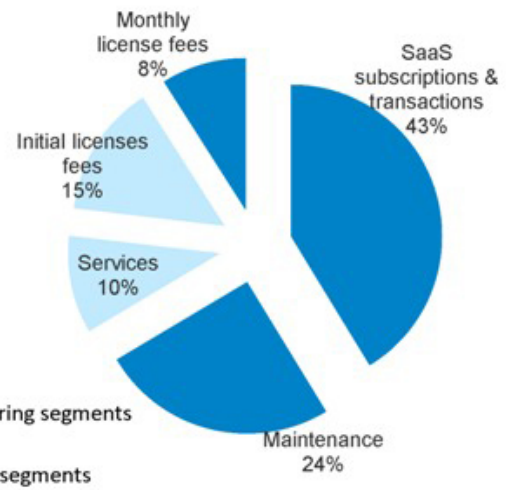
- Monthly Recurring Revenue predictable & growing, now >70% of total revenue
- Non-recurring revenue is strongest in Q4
- EBITDA margin spikes follow revenue

# SaaS Subscriptions and Transactions Contribution Growth

2009 segment contribution



9/30/15 LTM segment contribution

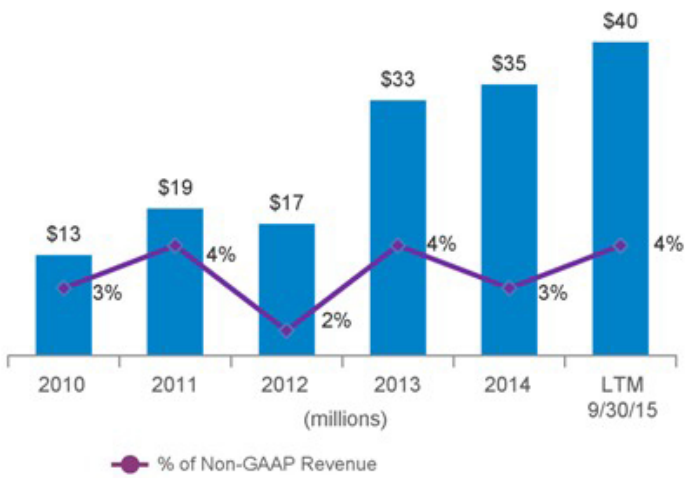


- SaaS Subscriptions & Transactions have grown from ~10% to over 40%
- Overall monthly recurring revenues have grown from ~60% to over 70%



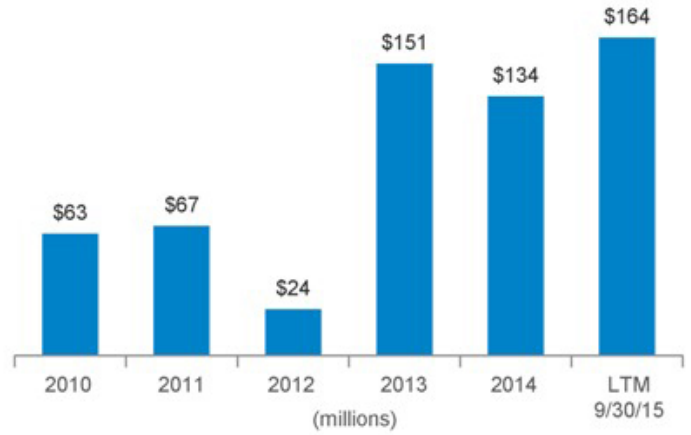
# Low Cap Ex and Strong Cash Flow

## CAPITAL EXPENDITURES



Low capital expenditures needed to maintain existing client base

## OPERATING FREE CASH FLOW



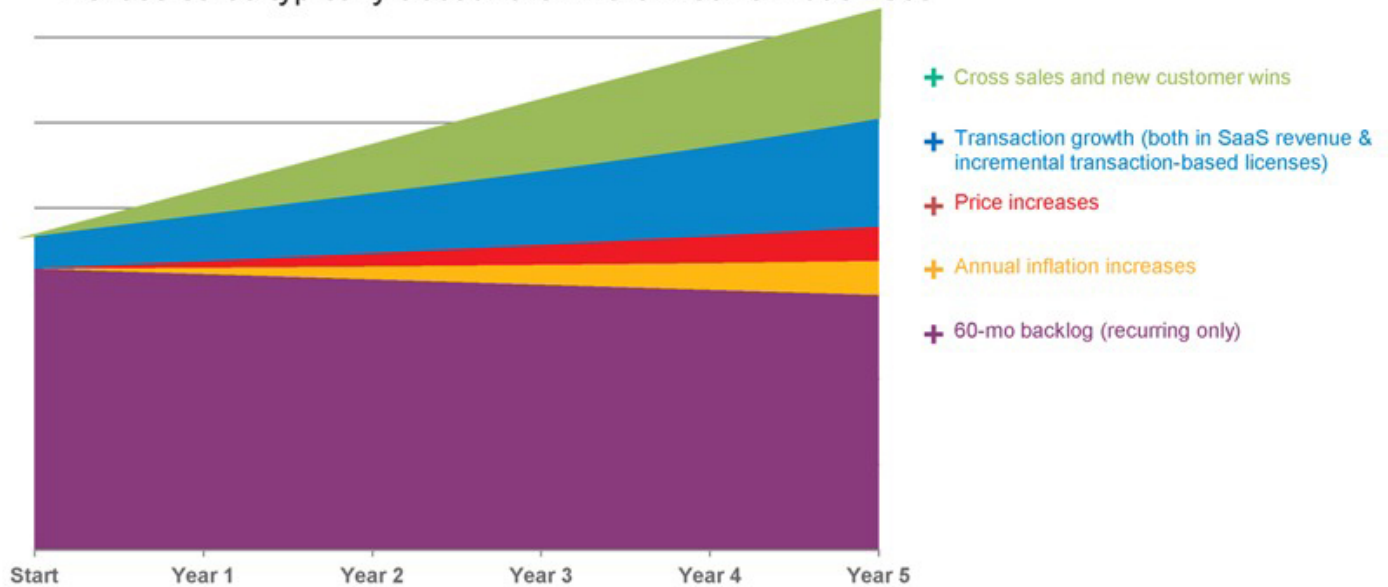
ACI generates strong free cash flow

- NOLs starting to contribute and cash taxes much lower than GAAP



# Backlog is Foundation, Cross Sales Add Growth

- Existing customer base and low customer attrition provide baseline for future revenue
- Competitive positioning and high R&D spending provides pricing power
- Electronic payment growth of mid-high single digits
- Cross sales typically account for 2/3 of net new business



# 2015 Guidance

Key Metrics	2015 Non-GAAP
	Guidance
Non-GAAP Revenue	1,040 - 1,070
Adjusted EBITDA	265 - 270

\$s in millions, 9/30/15 fx rates

## Guidance

- Reaffirming full year non-GAAP revenue guidance.
- Represents 3%-6% organic growth after adjusting for foreign currency fluctuations
- Full year adjusted EBITDA impacted by strategic investments
- Sales, net of term extensions (SNET) growth in the high single digits
- Pass through interchange revenues should approximate \$125 million for the year
- Adjusted EBITDA excludes approximately \$14 million in significant transaction-related expenses for datacenter and facilities consolidation and bill payment platform rationalization



# Financial Summary – Five-year Targets

- **Organic revenue growth**  
Mid-to-upper single digits
- **Adjusted EBITDA margin**  
100 bps expansion per year
- **Operating free cash flow**  
Track adjusted EBITDA growth
- **Sales net of term extension growth**  
High single digits



# Questions?



**UP**

## The Advantage

- Leading market position
- High retention and renewal rates
- Significant recurring revenue
- Scalable, fixed-cost model with improving margin
- Low cash investment required



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# Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To supplement our financial results presented on a GAAP basis, we use the non-GAAP measure indicated in the tables, which exclude certain business combination accounting entries related to the acquisitions of Online Resources and significant transaction related expenses, as well as other significant non-cash expenses such as depreciation, amortization and share-based compensation, that we believe are helpful in understanding our past financial performance and our future results. The presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to our GAAP results and are not intended to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP. Management generally compensates for limitations in the use of non-GAAP financial measures by relying on comparable GAAP financial measures and providing investors with a reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures only in addition to and in conjunction with results presented in accordance with GAAP. We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures reflect an additional way of viewing aspects of our operations that, when viewed with our GAAP results, provide a more complete understanding of factors and trends affecting our business. Certain non-GAAP measures include:

**Non-GAAP revenue:** revenue plus deferred revenue that would have been recognized in the normal course of business by Online Resources if not for GAAP purchase accounting requirements. Non-GAAP revenue should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, revenue.

**Non-GAAP operating income:** operating income plus deferred revenue that would have been recognized in the normal course of business by Online Resources if not for GAAP purchase accounting requirements and significant transaction related expenses. Non-GAAP operating income should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, operating income.

**Adjusted EBITDA:** net income plus income tax expense, net interest income (expense), net other income (expense), depreciation, amortization and non-cash compensation, as well as deferred revenue that would have been recognized in the normal course of business by Online Resources if not for GAAP purchase accounting requirements and significant transaction related expenses. Adjusted EBITDA should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, operating income.





# Non-GAAP Financial Measures

<b>Non-GAAP Revenue (millions)</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>LTM</b>
Revenue	\$418	\$465	\$667	\$865	\$1,016	\$1,028
Deferred revenue fair value adjustment	-	-	22	6	2	1
<b>Non-GAAP revenue</b>	<b>\$418</b>	<b>\$465</b>	<b>\$689</b>	<b>\$871</b>	<b>\$1,018</b>	<b>\$1,028</b>
<b>Adjusted EBITDA (millions)</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>LTM</b>
<b>Net Income (loss)</b>	<b>\$27</b>	<b>\$46</b>	<b>\$49</b>	<b>\$64</b>	<b>\$68</b>	<b>\$88</b>
Plus:						
Income tax expense (benefit)	22	18	16	29	31	32
Net interest expense	1	1	10	27	39	42
Net other expense	4	1	-	3	-	(29)
Depreciation expense	6	8	13	19	21	21
Amortization expense	20	21	38	51	66	73
Non-cash compensation expense	8	11	15	14	11	7
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>\$88</b>	<b>\$106</b>	<b>\$141</b>	<b>\$207</b>	<b>\$236</b>	<b>\$235</b>
Deferred revenue fair value adjustment	-	-	22	6	2	1
Employee related actions	-	-	11	11	10	7
Facility closure costs	-	-	5	2	-	-
IT exit costs	-	-	3	-	-	-
Other significant transaction related expenses	-	7	9	13	13	8
<b>Adjusted EBITDA excluding significant transaction related expenses</b>	<b>\$88</b>	<b>\$113</b>	<b>\$191</b>	<b>\$239</b>	<b>\$261</b>	<b>\$251</b>

## Non-GAAP Financial Measures

ACI is also presenting operating free cash flow, which is defined as net cash provided by operating activities, plus payments associated with the cash settlement of acquisition related options and significant acquired opening balance sheet liabilities, plus net after-tax payments associated with employee-related actions and facility closures, net after-tax payments associated with significant transaction related expenses, net after-tax payments associated with IBM IT outsourcing transition and termination, and less capital expenditures. Operating free cash flow is considered a non-GAAP financial measure as defined by SEC Regulation G. We utilize this non-GAAP financial measure, and believe it is useful to investors, as an indicator of cash flow available for debt repayment and other investing activities, such as capital investments and acquisitions. We utilize operating free cash flow as a further indicator of operating performance and for planning investing activities. Operating free cash flow should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, net cash provided by operating activities. A limitation of operating free cash flow is that it does not represent the total increase or decrease in the cash balance for the period. This measure also does not exclude mandatory debt service obligations and, therefore, does not represent the residual cash flow available for discretionary expenditures. We believe that operating free cash flow is useful to investors to provide disclosures of our operating results on the same basis as that used by our management.

<b>Reconciliation of Operating Free Cash Flow (millions)</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>LTM</b>
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 81	\$ 83	\$ (9)	\$ 138	\$ 149	\$ 196
Payments associated with cash settlement of acquisition related options	-	-	10	10	-	-
Payments associated with acquired opening balance sheet liabilities	-	-	-	5	5	0
Net after-tax payments associated with employee-related actions	-	-	6	10	6	4
Net after-tax payments associated with lease terminations	-	-	3	1	1	0
Net after-tax payments associated with significant transaction related expenses	-	4	9	18	8	4
Net after-tax payments associated with IBM IT Outsourcing Transition	1	1	1	2	-	-
Plus IBM Alliance liability repayment	-	-	21	-	-	-
Less capital expenditures	(13)	(19)	(17)	(33)	(35)	(41)
Less IBM Alliance technical enablement expenditures	(6)	(2)	-	-	-	-
<b>Operating Free Cash Flow</b>	<b>\$ 63</b>	<b>\$ 67</b>	<b>\$ 24</b>	<b>\$ 151</b>	<b>\$ 134</b>	<b>\$ 164</b>



# Non-GAAP Financial Measures

ACI also includes backlog estimates, which include all software license fees, maintenance fees and services specified in executed contracts, as well as revenues from assumed contract renewals to the extent that we believe recognition of the related revenue will occur within the corresponding backlog period. We have historically included assumed renewals in backlog estimates based upon automatic renewal provisions in the executed contract and our historic experience with customer renewal rates.

Backlog is considered a non-GAAP financial measure as defined by SEC Regulation G. Our 60-month backlog estimate represents expected revenues from existing customers using the following key assumptions:

- Maintenance fees are assumed to exist for the duration of the license term for those contracts in which the committed maintenance term is less than the committed license term.
- License, facilities management, and software hosting arrangements are assumed to renew at the end of their committed term at a rate consistent with our historical experiences.
- Non-recurring license arrangements are assumed to renew as recurring revenue streams.
- Foreign currency exchange rates are assumed to remain constant over the 60-month backlog period for those contracts stated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar.
- Our pricing policies and practices are assumed to remain constant over the 60-month backlog period.

Estimates of future financial results require substantial judgment and are based on a number of assumptions as described above. These assumptions may turn out to be inaccurate or wrong, including for reasons outside of management's control. For example, our customers may attempt to renegotiate or terminate their contracts for a number of reasons, including mergers, changes in their financial condition, or general changes in economic conditions in the customer's industry or geographic location, or we may experience delays in the development or delivery of products or services specified in customer contracts which may cause the actual renewal rates and amounts to differ from historical experiences. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates may also impact the amount of revenue actually recognized in future periods. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that contracts included in backlog estimates will actually generate the specified revenues or that the actual revenues will be generated within the corresponding 60-month period.

Backlog should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, reported revenue and deferred revenue.



# Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements based on current expectations that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Generally, forward-looking statements do not relate strictly to historical or current facts and may include words or phrases such as "believes," "will," "expects," "anticipates," "intends," and words and phrases of similar impact. The forward-looking statements are made pursuant to safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Forward-looking statements in this presentation include, but are not limited to, statements regarding:

- (i) Expectations regarding PAY.ON's 2015 revenue;
- (ii) expectations regarding 2015 financial guidance, including non-GAAP revenue, adjusted EBITDA, and net new sales bookings;
- (iii) expectations regarding five year targets, including future increases in organic revenue, adjusted EBITDA margin, operating free cash flow, and sales net of term extension.

All of the foregoing forward-looking statements are expressly qualified by the risk factors discussed in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such factors include but are not limited to, increased competition, the performance of our strategic product, BASE24-eps, demand for our products, restrictions and other financial covenants in our credit facility, consolidations and failures in the financial services industry, customer reluctance to switch to a new vendor, the accuracy of management's backlog estimates, the maturity of certain products, our strategy to migrate customers to our next generation products, ratable or deferred recognition of certain revenue associated with customer migrations and the maturity of certain of our products, failure to obtain renewals of customer contracts or to obtain such renewals on favorable terms, delay or cancellation of customer projects or inaccurate project completion estimates, volatility and disruption of the capital and credit markets and adverse changes in the global economy, our existing levels of debt, impairment of our goodwill or intangible assets, litigation, future acquisitions, strategic partnerships and investments, risks related to the expected benefits to be achieved in the transaction with Online Resources, OPAY and ReD, the complexity of our products and services and the risk that they may contain hidden defects or be subjected to security breaches or viruses, compliance of our products with applicable legislation, governmental regulations and industry standards, our compliance with privacy regulations, the protection of our intellectual property in intellectual property litigation, the cyclical nature of our revenue and earnings and the accuracy of forecasts due to the concentration of revenue generating activity during the final weeks of each quarter, business interruptions or failure of our information technology and communication systems, our offshore software development activities, risks from operating internationally, including fluctuations in currency exchange rates, exposure to unknown tax liabilities, and volatility in our stock price. For a detailed discussion of these risk factors, parties that are relying on the forward-looking statements should review our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including our most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K and Quarterly Reports on Forms 10-Q.

